# Modicon TM4 Expansion Modules

# **User Guide**

03/2022







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# Modicon TM4 Expansion Modules Programming Guide

12/2019





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All pertinent state, regional, and local safety regulations must be observed when installing and using this product. For reasons of safety and to help ensure compliance with documented system data, only the manufacturer should perform repairs to components.

When devices are used for applications with technical safety requirements, the relevant instructions must be followed.

Failure to use Schneider Electric software or approved software with our hardware products may result in injury, harm, or improper operating results.

Failure to observe this information can result in injury or equipment damage.

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# Safety Information



### **Important Information**

### NOTICE

Read these instructions carefully, and look at the equipment to become familiar with the device before trying to install, operate, service, or maintain it. The following special messages may appear throughout this documentation or on the equipment to warn of potential hazards or to call attention to information that clarifies or simplifies a procedure.



The addition of this symbol to a "Danger" or "Warning" safety label indicates that an electrical hazard exists which will result in personal injury if the instructions are not followed.



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

# **A** DANGER

**DANGER** indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **will result in** death or serious injury.

# WARNING

**WARNING** indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **could result in** death or serious injury.

# CAUTION

**CAUTION** indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **could result** in minor or moderate injury.

### **NOTICE**

**NOTICE** is used to address practices not related to physical injury.

### PLEASE NOTE

Electrical equipment should be installed, operated, serviced, and maintained only by qualified personnel. No responsibility is assumed by Schneider Electric for any consequences arising out of the use of this material.

A qualified person is one who has skills and knowledge related to the construction and operation of electrical equipment and its installation, and has received safety training to recognize and avoid the hazards involved.

# **About the Book**



### At a Glance

### **Document Scope**

This document describes the configuration of the TM4 expansion modules for EcoStruxure Machine Expert. For further information, refer to the separate documents provided in the EcoStruxure Machine Expert online help.

### **Validity Note**

This document has been updated for the release of EcoStruxure<sup>TM</sup> Machine Expert V1.2.

### **Related Documents**

| Title of Documentation                            | Reference Number           |
|---|----------------------------|
| EcoStruxure Machine Expert Programming Guide      | EIO0000002854 (ENG)        |
|   | <i>EIO000002855 (FRE)</i>  |
|   | EIO0000002856 (GER)        |
|   | EIO0000002857 (SPA)        |
|   | EIO0000002858 (ITA)        |
|   | <i>EIO0000002859 (CHS)</i> |
| Modicon M241 Logic Controller - Programming Guide | EIO000003059 (ENG)         |
|   | EIO000003060 (FRA)         |
|   | EIO000003061 (GER)         |
|   | EIO000003062 (SPA)         |
|   | EIO000003063 (ITA)         |
|   | EIO0000003064 (CHS)        |
| Modicon M251 Logic Controller - Programming Guide | EIO000003089 (ENG)         |
|   | EIO000003090 (FRA)         |
|   | EIO000003091 (GER)         |
|   | EIO000003092 (SPA)         |
|   | <i>EIO000003093 (ITA)</i>  |
|   | EIO000003094 (CHS)         |

| Title of Documentation                    | Reference Number    |
|---|---------------------|
| TM4 Expansion Modules - Hardware Guide    | EIO000003155 (ENG)  |
|   | EIO0000003156 (FRA) |
|   | EIO0000003157 (GER) |
|   | EIO0000003158 (SPA) |
|   | EIO000003159 (ITA)  |
|   | EIO0000003160 (CHS) |
| TM4 Expansion Modules - Instruction Sheet | <u>EAV47886</u>     |

You can download these technical publications and other technical information from our website at https://www.se.com/ww/en/download/ .

### **Product Related Information**

# **A** WARNING

### LOSS OF CONTROL

- The designer of any control scheme must consider the potential failure modes of control paths
  and, for certain critical control functions, provide a means to achieve a safe state during and
  after a path failure. Examples of critical control functions are emergency stop and overtravel
  stop, power outage and restart.
- Separate or redundant control paths must be provided for critical control functions.
- System control paths may include communication links. Consideration must be given to the implications of unanticipated transmission delays or failures of the link.
- Observe all accident prevention regulations and local safety guidelines.<sup>1</sup>
- Each implementation of this equipment must be individually and thoroughly tested for proper operation before being placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

# **A** WARNING

### UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Only use software approved by Schneider Electric for use with this equipment.
- Update your application program every time you change the physical hardware configuration.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For additional information, refer to NEMA ICS 1.1 (latest edition), "Safety Guidelines for the Application, Installation, and Maintenance of Solid State Control" and to NEMA ICS 7.1 (latest edition), "Safety Standards for Construction and Guide for Selection, Installation and Operation of Adjustable-Speed Drive Systems" or their equivalent governing your particular location.

### **Terminology Derived from Standards**

The technical terms, terminology, symbols and the corresponding descriptions in this manual, or that appear in or on the products themselves, are generally derived from the terms or definitions of international standards.

In the area of functional safety systems, drives and general automation, this may include, but is not limited to, terms such as *safety, safety function, safe state, fault, fault reset, malfunction, failure, error, error message, dangerous*, etc.

Among others, these standards include:

| Standard         | Description   |
|------------------|---|
| IEC 61131-2:2007 | Programmable controllers, part 2: Equipment requirements and tests.   |
| ISO 13849-1:2015 | Safety of machinery: Safety related parts of control systems.  General principles for design.   |
| EN 61496-1:2013  | Safety of machinery: Electro-sensitive protective equipment. Part 1: General requirements and tests.  |
| ISO 12100:2010   | Safety of machinery - General principles for design - Risk assessment and risk reduction  |
| EN 60204-1:2006  | Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines - Part 1: General requirements   |
| ISO 14119:2013   | Safety of machinery - Interlocking devices associated with guards - Principles for design and selection   |
| ISO 13850:2015   | Safety of machinery - Emergency stop - Principles for design  |
| IEC 62061:2015   | Safety of machinery - Functional safety of safety-related electrical, electronic, and electronic programmable control systems   |
| IEC 61508-1:2010 | Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems: General requirements.  |
| IEC 61508-2:2010 | Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems: Requirements for electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems. |
| IEC 61508-3:2010 | Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems: Software requirements.   |
| IEC 61784-3:2016 | Industrial communication networks - Profiles - Part 3: Functional safety fieldbuses - General rules and profile definitions.  |
| 2006/42/EC       | Machinery Directive   |
| 2014/30/EU       | Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive   |
| 2014/35/EU       | Low Voltage Directive   |

In addition, terms used in the present document may tangentially be used as they are derived from other standards such as:

| Standard         | Description  |
|------------------|--|
| IEC 60034 series | Rotating electrical machines   |
| IEC 61800 series | Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems  |
| IEC 61158 series | Digital data communications for measurement and control – Fieldbus for use in industrial control systems |

Finally, the term *zone of operation* may be used in conjunction with the description of specific hazards, and is defined as it is for a *hazard zone* or *danger zone* in the *Machinery Directive* (2006/42/EC) and ISO 12100:2010.

**NOTE:** The aforementioned standards may or may not apply to the specific products cited in the present documentation. For more information concerning the individual standards applicable to the products described herein, see the characteristics tables for those product references.

# Chapter 1

# **General Description**

### Introduction

This chapter provides a general description of TM4 expansion modules.

### What Is in This Chapter?

This chapter contains the following topics:

| Торіс                               |    |
|-------------------------------------|----|
| General Description                 | 12 |
| TM4 Expansion Modules Compatibility |    |
| Adding a TM4 Expansion Module       | 15 |
| Connecting the Controller to a PC   | 16 |

# **General Description**

### Introduction

The range of TM4 expansion modules includes communication modules.

### **TM4 Expansion Module Features**

The table shows the TM4 expansion module features:

| Module Reference                         | Туре                   | Terminal Type                   |  |
|--|------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| TM4ES4                                   | Ethernet communication | 4 RJ45 connectors               |  |
| TM4PDPS1 PROFIBUS DP slave communication |                        | 1 SUB-D 9 pins female connector |  |

### **TM4 Expansion Modules Compatibility**

### Introduction

This section describes the compatibility of TM4 expansion modules with controllers.

The TM4 bus supports up to 3 expansion modules. You can mix both Profibus DP (TM4PDPS1) and Ethernet (TM4ES4) expansion modules to the limit of 3 expansions.

### **TM4ES4 Ethernet Module Compatibility**

The TM4ES4 module has 2 applications:

 Expansion: addition of an Ethernet interface to extend the number of Ethernet ports for a controller.

**NOTE:** If more than 1 TM4ES4 module is installed on the controller, the one closest to the controller is used as **expansion**.

Standalone: Ethernet switch (only getting its power supply from the controller).

The table shows the TM4ES4 Ethernet module compatibility with controllers:

| Controller Reference   | Expansion Usage<br>Supported | Standalone Usage<br>Supported | Maximum Number of TM4ES4 Modules           |  |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| TM241CE40T   | Yes                          | Yes                           | 1 expansion + 2 standalone or 3 standalone |  |
| TM241CE40U   | Yes                          | Yes                           | 1 expansion + 2 standalone or 3 standalone |  |
| TM241CE24T   | Yes                          | Yes                           | 1 expansion + 2 standalone or 3 standalone |  |
| TM241CE24U   | Yes                          | Yes                           | 1 expansion + 2 standalone or 3 standalone |  |
| TM241C40T  | Yes                          | Yes                           | 1 expansion + 2 standalone or 3 standalone |  |
| TM241C40U  | Yes                          | Yes                           | 1 expansion + 2 standalone or 3 standalone |  |
| TM241C24T  | Yes                          | Yes                           | 1 expansion + 2 standalone or 3 standalone |  |
| TM241C24U  | Yes                          | Yes                           | 1 expansion + 2 standalone or 3 standalone |  |
| TM241CE40R   | Yes                          | Yes                           | 1 expansion + 2 standalone or 3 standalone |  |
| TM241CE24R   | Yes                          | Yes                           | 1 expansion + 2 standalone or 3 standalone |  |
| NOTE: Standalone use does not require configuration in EcoStruxure Machine Expert. |                              |                               |  |  |

| Controller Reference | Expansion Usage<br>Supported | Standalone Usage<br>Supported | Maximum Number of TM4ES4 Modules           |  |
|----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| TM241C40R            | Yes                          | Yes                           | 1 expansion + 2 standalone or 3 standalone |  |
| TM241C24R            | Yes                          | Yes                           | 1 expansion + 2 standalone or 3 standalone |  |
| TM241CEC24T          | Yes                          | Yes                           | 3 standalone                               |  |
| TM241CEC24U          | Yes                          | Yes                           | 3 standalone                               |  |
| TM241CEC24R          | Yes                          | Yes                           | 3 standalone                               |  |
| TM251MESE            | No                           | Yes                           | 3 standalone                               |  |
| TM251MESC            | No                           | Yes                           | 3 standalone                               |  |

### TM4PDPS1 PROFIBUS DP Expansion Module Compatibility

The TM4PDPS1 module is compatible with M241 and M251 controllers.

One TM4PDPS1 module can be added per controller.

### Adding a TM4 Expansion Module

### Adding a TM4 Expansion Module

To add an expansion module to your controller, select the expansion module in the **Hardware Catalog**, drag it to the **Devices tree**, and drop it on the **COM\_Bus** node.

For more information on adding a device to your project, refer to:

- Using the Drag-and-drop Method (see EcoStruxure Machine Expert, Programming Guide)
- Using the Contextual Menu or Plus Button (see EcoStruxure Machine Expert, Programming Guide)

### **Expansion Module Configuration**

To configure your TM4 Expansion Module, double click the expansion module node in the **Devices tree** to display the configuration tabs. The following chapters detail the configuration parameters.

**NOTE:** You do not configure the TM4ES4 when using it as a standalone switch in EcoStruxure Machine Expert. As such, the TM4ES4 module does not appear in the **Devices tree**.

### Connecting the Controller to a PC

### Overview

To transfer, run, and monitor the applications, connect the controller to a computer that has EcoStruxure Machine Expert installed. Use either a USB cable or an Ethernet connection (for those references that support an Ethernet port).

# **NOTICE**

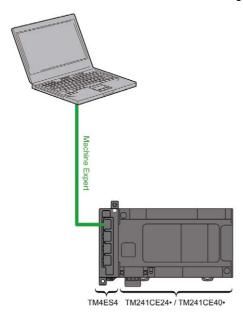
### **INOPERABLE EQUIPMENT**

Always connect the communication cable to the PC before connecting it to the controller.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

### **Ethernet Port Connection**

You can connect the controller to a PC using an Ethernet cable.



To connect the controller to the PC, do the following:

| Step | Action  |
|------|---|
| 1    | Connect your Ethernet cable to the PC.  |
| 2    | Connect your Ethernet cable to a free Ethernet port on the TM4ES4 expansion module. |

# Chapter 2 TM4ES4 Ethernet Module

### Introduction

This chapter describes the configuration of the TM4ES4 Ethernet module when it is used as **Expansion**.

In **Standalone** use, the module does not require configuration in EcoStruxure Machine Expert, and therefore the information in this chapter is not applicable.

Refer to TM4ES4 Ethernet Module Compatibility (see page 13) to know the application type according to the controller reference compatibility.

### What Is in This Chapter?

This chapter contains the following sections:

| Section | Topic                  | Page |
|---------|------------------------|------|
| 2.1     | Ethernet Services      | 18   |
| 2.2     | Firewall Configuration | 69   |

# Section 2.1 Ethernet Services

### What Is in This Section?

This section contains the following topics:

| Topic   | Page |
|---|------|
| Presentation  | 19   |
| IP Address Configuration                                | 21   |
| Modbus TCP Server/Client                                | 26   |
| Web Server  | 28   |
| FTP Server  | 45   |
| SNMP  | 46   |
| M241 Logic Controller as a Target Device on EtherNet/IP | 47   |
| M241 Logic Controller as a Slave Device on Modbus TCP   | 64   |

### **Presentation**

### **Ethernet Services**

The module supports the following services:

- Modbus TCP Server (see page 26)
- Modbus TCP Client (see page 26)
- Web Server (see page 28)
- FTP Server (see page 45)
- SNMP (see page 46)
- M241 Logic Controller as Target Device on EtherNet/IP (see page 47)
- M241 Logic Controller as Slave Device on Modbus TCP (see page 64)
- IEC VAR access (see page 20)

### **Ethernet Protocol**

Through the module, the following protocols are supported:

- IP (Internet Protocol)
- UDP (User Datagram Protocol)
- TCP (Transmission Control Protocol)
- ARP (Address Resolution Protocol)
- ICMP (Internet Control Messaging Protocol)
- IGMP (Internet Group Management Protocol)

### **TCP Server Connections**

This table shows the maximum number of TCP server connections:

| Connection Type    | Maximum Number of Server Connections |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Modbus Server      | 8                                    |
| EtherNet/IP Device | 16                                   |
| FTP Server         | 4                                    |
| Web Server         | 10                                   |

Each server based on TCP manages its own set of connections.

When a client tries to open a connection that exceeds the poll size, the controller closes the oldest connection.

If all connections are busy (exchange in progress) when a client tries to open a new one, the new connection is denied.

All server connections stay open as long as the controller stays in operational states (RUN, STOP, HALT).

All server connections are closed when leaving or entering operational states (RUN, STOP, HALT), except in case of power outage (because the controller does not have time to close the connections).

For more information about the operational states, refer to the controller state diagram (see Modicon M241 Logic Controller, Programming Guide).

### Services Available

With an Ethernet communication, the **IEC VAR ACCESS** service is supported by the controller. With the **IEC VAR ACCESS** service, variables can be exchanged between the controller and an HMI.

The **NetWork variables** service is also supported by the controller. With the **NetWork variables** service, data can be exchanged between controllers.

NOTE: For more information, refer to the EcoStruxure Machine Expert Programming Guide.

### **IP Address Configuration**

### Introduction

There are different ways to assign the IP address of the module:

- address assignment by DHCP server
- · address assignment by BOOTP server
- fixed IP address
- post configuration file (see Modicon M241 Logic Controller, Programming Guide). If a post configuration file exits, this assignment method has priority over the others.

IP address can be changed dynamically:

• via the Controller Selection (see EcoStruxure Machine Expert, Programming Guide) tab in EcoStruxure Machine Expert.

**NOTE:** If the attempted addressing method is unsuccessful, the module will start using a default IP address (see page 24) derived from the MAC address.

Carefully manage the IP addresses because each device on the network requires a unique address. Having multiple devices with the same IP address can cause unintended operation of your network and associated equipment.

# **▲** WARNING

### UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

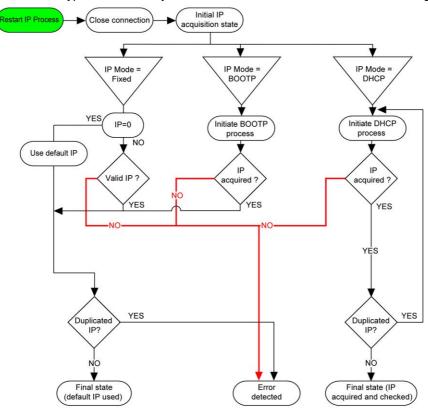
- Verify that there is only one master controller configured on the network or remote link.
- Verify that all devices have unique addresses.
- Obtain your IP address from your system administrator.
- Confirm that the IP address of the device is unique before placing the system into service.
- Do not assign the same IP address to any other equipment on the network.
- Update the IP address after cloning any application that includes Ethernet communications to a unique address.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

**NOTE:** Verify that your system administrator maintains a record of all assigned IP addresses on the network and subnetwork, and inform the system administrator of all configuration changes performed.

### **Address Management**

The different types of address systems for the controller are shown in the following diagram:



**NOTE:** If a device programmed to use the DHCP or BOOTP addressing methods is unable to contact its respective server, the module uses the default IP address. It will, however, constantly repeat its request.

The IP process automatically restarts in the following cases:

- Controller reboot
- Ethernet cable reconnection
- Application download (if IP parameters change)
- DHCP or BOOTP server detected after a prior addressing attempt was unsuccessful.

### **Ethernet Configuration**

In the **Devices tree**, double-click **COM\_Bus** → **TM4ES4**:

| Configured Parameters  Network Name my D  | Toulog   | Current Settings Network Name   | nutes 1  |
|---|--|---|--|
| IP Address by DHCF IP Address by BOOT  fixed IP Address                                     |  | IP Address by DHCP IP Address by BOOT  fixed IP Address                                     |  |
| IP Address  | 95 . 16 . 221 . 17   | IP Address  | 95 . 16 . 221 . 17   |
| Subnet Mask   | 255 . 0 . 0 . 0  | Subnet Mask   | 255 . 0 . 0 . 0  |
| Gateway Address   | 0.0.0.0  | Gateway Address   | 0 . 0 . 0 . 0  |
| Ethernet Protocol   | Ethernet 2   | Ethernet Protocol   | Ethernet 2   |
| Transfer Rate   | Auto   | Transfer Rate   | 100 MBit full  |
| Security Parameters Protocol inactive   | Protocol active  | Security Parameters Protocol inactive   | Protocol active  |
| FTP Server<br>IP Forwarding<br>Modbus Server<br>SNMP protocol<br>Web Visualisation protocol | Discovery protocol Machine Expert protocol Web Server (HTTP) | FTP Server<br>IP Forwarding<br>Modbus Server<br>SNMP protocol<br>Web Visualisation protocol | Discovery protocol Machine Expert protocol Web Server (HTTP) |
|   |  |   |  |

**Note:** If you are in online mode, you see the two windows. You cannot edit them. If you are in offline mode, you see the **Configured Parameters** window. You can edit it.

The configured parameters are explained as below:

| Configured Parameters | Description  |
|-----------------------|--|
| Network Name          | Used as device name to retrieve IP address through DHCP, maximum 16 characters |
| IP Address by DHCP    | IP address is obtained via DHCP.   |
| IP Address by BOOTP   | IP address is obtained via BOOTP.  |
| Fixed IP Address      | IP address, subnet mask and gateway address are defined by the user.           |
| Ethernet Protocol     | Protocol type used (Ethernet 2)  |
| Transfer Rate         | Transfer rate and direction on the bus are automatically configured.           |
| Security Parameters   | Security Parameters (see page 25)  |

### **Default IP Address**

The IP address by default is 11.11.x.x.

The last 2 fields in the default IP address are composed of the decimal equivalent of the last 2 hexadecimal bytes of the MAC address of the module.

The MAC address of the module can be retrieved at the bottom of the front face of the module.

The default subnet mask is 255.0.0.0.

**NOTE:** A MAC address is always written in hexadecimal format, and an IP address in decimal format. You must convert the MAC address to decimal format.

Example: If the MAC address is 00.80.F4.01.80.F2, the default IP address is 11.11.128.242.

**NOTE:** To take into account the new IP address after the download of a project, reboot the controller by doing a power cycle.

### **Subnet Mask**

The subnet mask is used to address several physical networks with a single network address. The mask is used to separate the subnetwork and the device address in the host ID.

The subnet address is obtained by retaining the bits of the IP address that correspond to the positions of the mask containing 1, and replacing the others with 0.

Conversely, the subnet address of the host device is obtained by retaining the bits of the IP address that correspond to the positions of the mask containing 0, and replacing the others with 1.

Example of a subnet address:

| IP address     | 192 (11000000) | 1 (0000001)    | 17 (00010001)  | 11 (00001011) |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| Subnet mask    | 255 (11111111) | 255 (11111111) | 240 (11110000) | 0 (0000000)   |
| Subnet address | 192 (11000000) | 1 (0000001)    | 16 (00010000)  | 0 (0000000)   |

**NOTE:** The device does not communicate on its subnetwork when there is no gateway.

### Gateway

The gateway allows a message to be routed to a device which is not on the current network. If there is no gateway, the gateway address is 0.0.0.0.

# **Security Parameters**

| Security Parameters       | Description   | Default settings |
|---------------------------|---|------------------|
| Machine Expert protocol   | Allows you to deactivate the Machine Expert protocol on Ethernet interfaces. When deactivated, every Machine Expert request from every device will be rejected, including those from the UDP or TCP connection. This means that no connection is possible on Ethernet from a PC with Machine Expert, from a HMI target that wants to exchange variables with this controller, from an OPC server, or from Controller Assistant. | Active           |
| Modbus Server             | Allows you to deactivate the Modbus Server of the logic controller. When deactivated, every Modbus request to the Logic Controller is ignored.  | Inactive         |
| Web Server (HTTP)         | Allows you to deactivate the Web Server of the logic controller. When deactivated, every HTTP request to the logic controller Web server is ignored.  | Active           |
| FTP Server                | Allows you to deactivate the FTP Server of the logic controller. When deactivated, every FTP request is ignored.  | Inactive         |
| Discovery protocol        | Allows you to deactivate Discovery protocol. When deactivated, every Discovery request is ignored.  | Active           |
| SNMP protocol             | Allows you to deactivate SNMP server of the logic controller. When deactivated, every SNMP request is ignored.  | Inactive         |
| WebVisualization protocol | Allows you to deactivate the Web visualization pages of the logic controller. When deactivated, every HTTP requests to the logic controller Webvisualisation protocol is ignored.   | Inactive         |
| IP Forwarding             | Allows you to deactivate the IP forwarding service of the logic controller. When deactivated, devices on the device network are no longer accessible from the control network (Web pages, DTM, and so on).  | Inactive         |
|                           | <b>NOTE:</b> This parameter is only available on the Ethernet_1 network.  |                  |

### Modbus TCP Server/Client

### Introduction

Unlike Modbus serial link, Modbus TCP/IP is not based on a hierarchical structure, but on a client/server model.

The TM4ES4 module implements both client and server services so that it can initiate communications to other controllers and I/O devices, and to respond to requests from other controllers, SCADA, HMIs and other devices. By default, Modbus Server functionality is not active.

Without any configuration, the TM4ES4 module supports Modbus server.

The Modbus Server/Client is included in the firmware, and does not require any programming action from the user. Due to this feature, it is accessible in RUNNING, STOPPED and EMPTY states.

### Modbus TCP Client

The Modbus TCP client supports the following function blocks from the PLCCommunication library without any configuration:

- ADDM
- READ VAR
- SEND\_RECV\_MSG
- SINGLE\_WRITE
- WRITE READ VAR
- WRITE VAR

For further information, refer to the Function Block Descriptions (see EcoStruxure Machine Expert, Modbus and ASCII Read/Write Functions, PLCCommunication Library Guide).

### Modbus TCP Server

The Modbus server supports the following Modbus requests:

| Function Code<br>Dec (Hex) | Sub-function<br>Dec (Hex) | Function                            |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 (1h)                     |                           | Read digital outputs (%Q)           |
| 2 (2h)                     |                           | Read digital inputs (%I)            |
| 3 (3h)                     |                           | Read holding register (%MW)         |
| 6 (6h)                     |                           | Write single register (%MW)         |
| 8 (8h)                     |                           | Diagnostic                          |
| 15 (Fh)                    |                           | Write multiple digital outputs (%Q) |
| 16 (10h)                   |                           | Write multiple registers (%MW)      |
| 23 (17h)                   |                           | Read/write multiple registers (%MW) |
| 43 (2Bh)                   | 14 (Eh)                   | Read device identification          |

### Diagnostic Request

The table contains the Data Selection Code list:

| Data Selection Code | Description                          |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 0x00                | Reserved                             |
| 0x01                | Basic Network Diagnostics            |
| 0x02                | Ethernet Port Diagnostic             |
| 0x03                | Modbus TCP/Port 502 Diagnostics      |
| 0x04                | Modbus TCP/Port 502 Connection Table |
| 0x05 - 0x7E         | Reserved for other public codes      |
| 0x7F                | Data Structure Offsets               |

### Web Server

### Introduction

As standard equipment, the controller provides an embedded Web server with a predefined, builtin website. You can use the pages of the website for module setup and control as well as application diagnostics and monitoring. These pages are ready to use with a Web browser. No configuration or programming is required.

The Web server can be accessed by the web browsers listed below:

- Google Chrome (version 30.0 or greater)
- Mozilla Firefox (version 1.5 or greater)

The Web server can maintain 10 simultaneous open sessions (see Modicon M241 Logic Controller, Programming Guide).

**NOTE:** The Web server can be disabled by unchecking the **Web Server active** parameter in the Ethernet Configuration tab.

The Web server is a tool for reading and writing data, and controlling the state of the controller, with full access to all data in your application. However, if there are security concerns over these functions, you must at a minimum assign a secure password to the Web Server or disable the Web server to prevent unauthorized access to the application. By enabling the Web server, you enable these functions.

The Web server allows you to monitor a controller and its application remotely, to perform various maintenance activities including modifications to data and configuration parameters, and change the state of the controller. Care must be taken to ensure that the immediate physical environment of the machine and process is in a state that will not present safety risks to people or property before exercising control remotely.

## **▲** WARNING

### UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Configure and install the RUN/STOP input for the application, if available for your particular controller, so that local control over the starting or stopping of the controller can be maintained regardless of the remote commands sent to the controller.
- Define a secure password for the Web Server and do not allow unauthorized or otherwise unqualified personnel to use this feature.
- Ensure that there is a local, competent, and qualified observer present when operating on the controller from a remote location.
- You must have a complete understanding of the application and the machine/process it is controlling before attempting to adjust data, stopping an application that is operating, or starting the controller remotely.
- Take the precautions necessary to assure that you are operating on the intended controller by having clear, identifying documentation within the controller application and its remote connection.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

**NOTE:** The Web server must only be used by authorized and qualified personnel. A qualified person is one who has the skills and knowledge related to the construction and operation of the machine and the process controlled by the application and its installation, and has received safety training to recognize and avoid the hazards involved. No responsibility is assumed by Schneider Electric for any consequences arising out of the use of this feature.

### Web Server Access

Access to the Web server is controlled by User Rights when they are enabled in the controller. For more information, refer to **Users and Groups** Tab Description (see Modicon M241 Logic Controller, Programming Guide).

To access the Web server you must first connect to the controller with EcoStruxure Machine Expert or Controller Assistant and modify the default user password.

# **A** WARNING

### UNAUTHORIZED DATA ACCESS

- Secure access to the FTP/Web server using User Rights.
- If you disable User Rights, disable the FTP/Web server to prevent any unwanted or unauthorized access to data in your application.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

In order to change the password, go to **Users and Groups** tab of the device editor. For more information, refer to the EcoStruxure Machine Expert Programming Guide.

**NOTE:** The only way to gain access to a controller that has user access-rights enabled and for which you do not have the password(s) is by performing an Update Firmware operation. This clearing of User Rights can only be accomplished by using a SD card or USB key (depending on the support of your particular controller) to update the controller firmware. In addition, you may clear the User Rights in the controller by running a script (for more information, refer to EcoStruxure Machine Expert Programming Guide) . This effectively removes the existing application from the controller memory, but restores the ability to access the Controller.

### **Home Page Access**

To access the website home page, type in your navigator the IP address of the controller.

This figure shows the Web Server site login page:



This figure shows the home page of the Web Server site once you have logged in:



**NOTE:** Schneider Electric adheres to industry best practices in the development and implementation of control systems. This includes a "Defense-in-Depth" approach to secure an Industrial Control System. This approach places the controllers behind one or more firewalls to restrict access to authorized personnel and protocols only.

## **▲** WARNING

# UNAUTHENTICATED ACCESS AND SUBSEQUENT UNAUTHORIZED MACHINE OPERATION

- Evaluate whether your environment or your machines are connected to your critical
  infrastructure and, if so, take appropriate steps in terms of prevention, based on Defense-inDepth, before connecting the automation system to any network.
- Limit the number of devices connected to a network to the minimum necessary.
- Isolate your industrial network from other networks inside your company.
- Protect any network against unintended access by using firewalls, VPN, or other, proven security measures.
- Monitor activities within your systems.
- Prevent subject devices from direct access or direct link by unauthorized parties or unauthenticated actions.
- Prepare a recovery plan including backup of your system and process information.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

### **Monitoring: Data Parameters**

### Monitoring Web Server Variables

To monitor Web server variables, you must add a **Web Data Configuration** object to your project. Within this object, you can select all variables you want to monitor.

This table describes how to add a Web Data Configuration object:

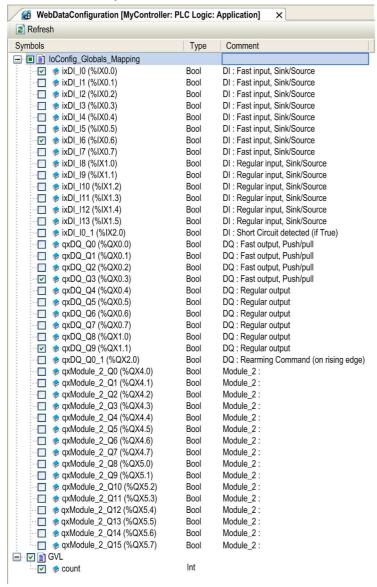
| Step | Action  |
|------|---|
| 1    | Right click the <b>Application</b> node in the <b>Applications tree</b> tab.                                    |
| 2    | Click Add Object → Web Data Configuration  Result: The Add Web Data Configuration window is displayed.          |
| 3    | Click Add.  Result: The Web Data Configuration object is created and the Web Data Configuration editor is open. |
|      | <b>NOTE:</b> As a <b>Web Data Configuration</b> object is unique for a controller, its name cannot be changed.  |

### Web Data Configuration Editor

Click the **Refresh** button to be able to select variables, this action will display all the variables defined in the application.







**NOTE:** The variable selection is possible only in offline mode.

### Monitoring: Data Parameters Submenu

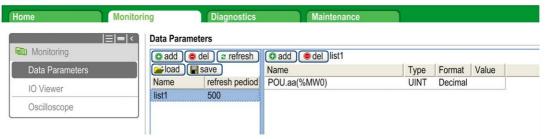
The **Data Parameters** submenu allows you to create and monitor some lists of variables. You can create several lists of variables (maximum 10 lists), each one containing several variables of the controller application (maximum 20 variables per list).

Each list has a name, and a refresh period. The lists are saved in the Flash memory of the controller, so that a created list can be accessed (loaded, modified, saved) from any Web client application accessing this controller.

The Data Parameters submenu allows you to display and modify variable values:



### TM241CE40T\_U



| Element        | Description  |  |  |
|----------------|--|--|--|
| Add            | Adds a list description or a variable  |  |  |
| Del            | Deletes a list description or a variable   |  |  |
| Refresh period | Refreshing period of the variables contained in the list description (in ms)                 |  |  |
| Refresh        | Enables I/O refreshing:  Gray button: refreshing disabled  Orange button: refreshing enabled |  |  |
| Load           | Loads saved lists from the controller internal Flash to the Web server page                  |  |  |
| Save           | Saves the selected list description in the controller (/usr/web directory)                   |  |  |

**NOTE:** The IEC objects (%IX, %QX) are not directly accessible. To access IEC objects you must first group their contents in located registers (refer to Relocation Table (see Modicon M241 Logic Controller, Programming Guide)).

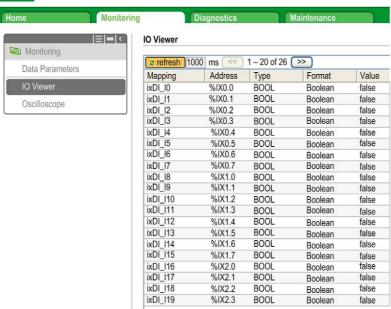
**NOTE:** Bit memory variables (%MX) cannot be selected.

### Monitoring: IO Viewer Submenu

The IO Viewer submenu allows you to display and modify the current I/O values:



TM241CE40T\_U



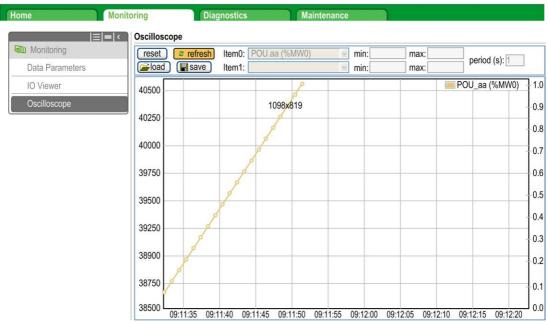
| Element | Description  |  |
|---------|--|--|
| Refresh | Enables I/O refreshing:  Gray button: refreshing disabled  Orange button: refreshing enabled |  |
| 1000 ms | I/O refreshing period in ms  |  |
| <<      | Goes to previous I/O list page   |  |
| >>      | Goes to next I/O list page   |  |

## Monitoring: Oscilloscope Submenu

The **Oscilloscope** submenu can display up to 2 variables in the form of a recorder time chart:



## TM241CE40T\_U



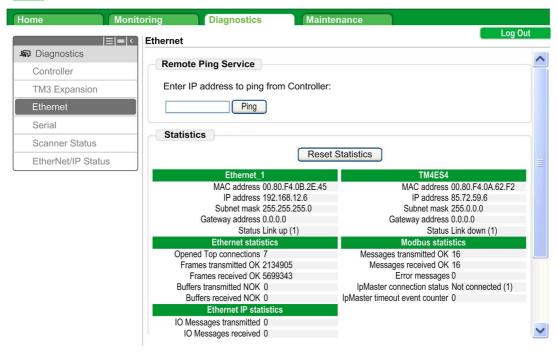
| Element    | Description  |  |  |
|------------|--|--|--|
| Reset      | Erases the memorization  |  |  |
| Refresh    | Starts/stops refreshing  |  |  |
| Load       | Loads parameter configuration of Item0 and Item1                   |  |  |
| Save       | Saves parameter configuration of Item0 and Item1 in the controller |  |  |
| Item0      | Variable to be displayed   |  |  |
| Item1      | Variable to be displayed   |  |  |
| Min        | Minimum value of the variable axis                                 |  |  |
| Max        | Maximum value of the variable axis                                 |  |  |
| Period(ms) | Page refresh period in milliseconds                                |  |  |

### **Diagnostics: Ethernet Submenu**

This figure shows the remote ping service:



### TM241CEC24T\_U



## **Diagnostics: Scanner Status Submenu**

The **Scanner Status** submenu displays status of the Modbus TCP I/O Scanner (IDLE, STOPPED, OPERATIONAL) and the health bit of up to 64 Modbus slave devices:

### Modbus TCP I/O Scanner



For more information, refer to EcoStruxure Machine Expert Modbus TCP User guide.

## Diagnostics: EtherNet/IP Status Submenu

The **EtherNet/IP Status** submenu displays the status of the EtherNet/IP Scanner (IDLE, STOPPED, OPERATIONAL) and the health bit of up to 16 EtherNet/IP target devices:

### **EIP I/O Scanner**

| Scanner Status Idle                                  | Connection Statistics  Total transmissions sent: 0  Number of Configured Connections: 0 |
|--|---|
| Scanned Device Statuses  No Scanned Devices Reported |   |
|  |   |
| Not Configured Scanned                               | X Fault   |

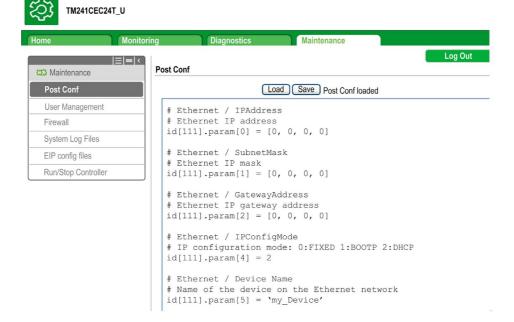
For more information, refer to EcoStruxure Machine Expert EtherNet/IP User guide.

## Maintenance Page

The Maintenance page provides access to the controller data for maintenance capabilities.

### Maintenance: Post Conf Submenu

The **Post Conf** submenu allows you to update the post configuration file *(see Modicon M241 Logic Controller, Programming Guide)* saved on the controller:



| Step | Action   |
|------|--|
| 1    | Click Load.  |
| 2    | Modify the parameters.   |
| 3    | Click Save.  |
|      | <b>NOTE:</b> The new parameters will be considered at next Post Configuration file reading (see Modicon M241 Logic Controller, Programming Guide). |

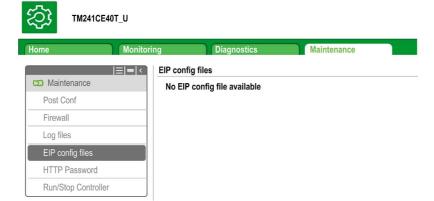
## Log Files

This page provided access to the /usr/Syslog/ folder of the controller flash memory.

### Maintenance: EIP Config Files Submenu

The file tree only appears when the Ethernet IP service is configured on the controller.

Index of /usr:



| File                      | Description                |  |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| My Machine Controller.gz  | GZIP file                  |  |
| My Machine Controller.ico | Icon file                  |  |
| My Machine Controller.eds | Electronic Data Sheet file |  |

## Maintenance: User Management Submenu

The **User Management** submenu displays a screen that allows you to access four different actions, all restricted by using secure protocol (HTTPS):

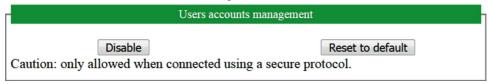
• Change password (of current user):

allows you to change your password.



### User accounts management:

Allows you to manage user accounts management, removing all password and returning all user accounts on the controller to default settings.



Click **Disable** to remove all passwords on the controller.

Click **OK** on the window that appears to confirm. As a result:

- Users no longer have to set and enter a password to connect to the controller.
- FTP, HTTP, and OPC UA Server connections accept anonymous user connections.
- Cloning the controller no longer requires authorization by using the FB\_ControlClone function block (see Modicon M241 Logic Controller, System Functions and Variables, PLCSystem Library Guide).

NOTE: The Disable button is only active if the current user has administrative privileges.

Click Reset to default to return all user accounts on the controller to their default setting state.

Click **OK** on the window that appears to confirm.

**NOTE:** Connections to FTP, HTTP, and the OPC UA Server are blocked until a new password is set.

### Clone management:

allows you to control whether user rights are copied and applied to the target controller when cloning a controller



Click **Exclude users rights** to exclude copying user rights to the target controller when cloning a controller

**NOTE:** By default, the users rights are excluded.

Click **Include users rights** to copy user rights to the target controller when cloning a controller. A popup prompts you to confirm copying the user rights. Click **OK** to continue.

**NOTE:** The **Exclude users rights** and **Include users rights** buttons are only active if the current user is connected to the controller using a secure protocol.

## • System use notification:

allows you to customize a message which will be displayed at login.

|          | System use notification | -          |
|----------|-------------------------|------------|
| Current: |                         |            |
| New:     |                         |            |
|          |                         | a <b>i</b> |
| Save     | Disable                 | Default    |

### **FTP Server**

### Introduction

Any FTP client installed on a computer that is connected to the controller (Ethernet port), without EcoStruxure Machine Expert installed, can be used to transfer files to and from the data storage area of the controller.

**NOTE:** Schneider Electric adheres to industry best practices in the development and implementation of control systems. This includes a "Defense-in-Depth" approach to secure an Industrial Control System. This approach places the controllers behind one or more firewalls to restrict access to authorized personnel and protocols only.

## **A** WARNING

# UNAUTHENTICATED ACCESS AND SUBSEQUENT UNAUTHORIZED MACHINE OPERATION

- Evaluate whether your environment or your machines are connected to your critical
  infrastructure and, if so, take appropriate steps in terms of prevention, based on Defense-inDepth, before connecting the automation system to any network.
- Limit the number of devices connected to a network to the minimum necessary.
- Isolate your industrial network from other networks inside your company.
- Protect any network against unintended access by using firewalls, VPN, or other, proven security measures.
- Monitor activities within your systems.
- Prevent subject devices from direct access or direct link by unauthorized parties or unauthenticated actions.
- Prepare a recovery plan including backup of your system and process information.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

**NOTE:** Make use of the security-related commands which provide a way to add, edit, and remove a user in the online user management of the target device where you are currently logged in.

The FTP server is deactivated by default.

### **FTP Access**

Access to the FTP server is controlled by User Rights when they are enabled in the controller. For more information, refer to **Users and Groups** Tab Description.

To access the FTP server you must first connect to the controller with EcoStruxure Machine Expert or Controller Assistant and modify the default user password.

#### Files Access

See File Organization.

### **SNMP**

### Introduction

The Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is used to provide the data and services required for managing a network.

The data is stored in a Management Information Base (MIB). The SNMP protocol is used to read or write MIB data. Implementation of the Ethernet SNMP services is minimal, as only the compulsory objects are handled.

M241 controllers support the standard MIB-2 objects.

## **SNMP Server**

This table presents the supported standard MIB-2 server objects:

| Object   | Description                    | Access     | Default Value                          |
|----------|--------------------------------|------------|--|
| sysDescr | Text description of the device | Read       | SCHNEIDER M241-51 Fast Ethernet TCP/IP |
| sysName  | Node administrative name       | Read/Write | Controller reference                   |

The values written are saved to the controller via SNMP client tool software. The Schneider Electric software for this is ConneXview. ConneXview is not supplied with the controller. For more details, refer to www.schneider-electric.com.

The size of these character strings is limited to 50 characters.

### **SNMP Client**

The M251 Logic Controller includes an SNMP client library to allow you to query SNMP servers. For details, refer to the SNMP Library Guide.

## M241 Logic Controller as a Target Device on EtherNet/IP

### Introduction

This section describes the configuration of the M241 Logic Controller as an EtherNet/IP target device.

For further information about EtherNet/IP, refer to the www.odva.org website.

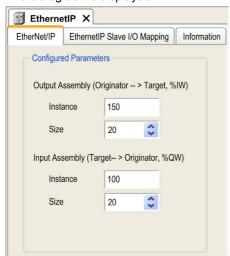
## **EtherNet/IP Target Configuration**

To configure your M241 Logic Controller as an EtherNet/IP target device, you must add an EtherNet/IP manager to your controller. Select **EthernetIP** in the hardware catalog, drag it to the Devices tree, and drop it on one of the highlighted nodes.

## **EtherNet/IP Parameter Configuration**

To configure the EtherNet/IP parameters, double-click **COM\_Bus → TM4ES4 → EthernetIP** in the Devices tree.

This dialog box is displayed:



The EtherNet/IP configuration parameters are defined as:

### Instance:

Number referencing the input or output Assembly.

#### Size:

Number of channels of an input or output Assembly.

The memory size of each channel is 2 bytes that stores the value of an QWx or QWx object, where x is the channel number.

For example, if the **Size** of the **Output Assembly** is 20, it represents that there are 20 input channels (IW0...IW19) addressing %IWy...%IW(y+20-1), where y is the first available channel for the Assembly.

|                          |          | Admissible Controller Range | EcoStruxure Machine Expert Default Value |
|--------------------------|----------|-----------------------------|--|
| Output Assembly Instance |          | 150189                      | 150                                      |
|                          | Size     | 240                         | 20                                       |
| Input Assembly           | Instance | 100149                      | 100                                      |
|                          | Size     | 240                         | 20                                       |

### **EDS File Generation**

You can generate an EDS file to facilitate configuring EtherNet/IP cyclic data exchanges.

To generate the EDS file:

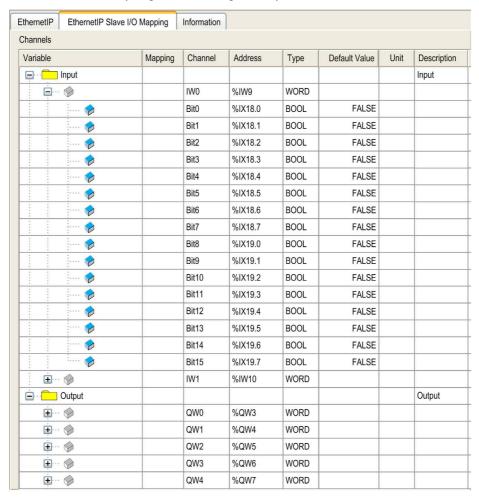
| Step | Action   |
|------|--|
| 1    | In the <b>Devices tree</b> , right-click the <b>EthernetIP</b> node and choose the <b>Export as EDS</b> command from the context menu. |
| 2    | Modify the default file name and location as required.   |
| 3    | Click Save.  |

**NOTE:** The **Major Revision** and **Minor Revision** objects in the EDS file are used to ensure uniqueness of the EDS file. The values of these objects do not reflect the actual controller revision level.

Generic M241 Logic Controller and M251 Logic Controller EDS files are also available on the Schneider website. You must adapt the EDS file to your application. To do so, edit it and define the Assembly instances and sizes.

## EthernetIP Slave I/O Mapping Tab

Variables can be defined and named in the **EthernetIP Slave I/O Mapping** tab. Additional information such as topological addressing is also provided in this tab.



| The table below | describes th | ne EthernetIP | Slave I/O | ) Mapping | configuration: |
|-----------------|--------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|----------------|
|                 |              |               |           |           |                |

| Channel T |       | Туре | Default Value | Description                              |
|-----------|-------|------|---------------|--|
| Input     | IW0   | WORD | -             | Command word of controller outputs (%QW) |
|           | IWxxx |      |               |  |
| Output    | QW0   | WORD | -             | State of controller inputs (%IW)         |
|           | QWxxx |      |               |  |

The number of words depends on the size parameter configured in EtherNet/IP Configuration (see page 47).

Output means OUTPUT from Originator controller (= %IW for the controller).

Input means INPUT from Originator controller (= %QW for the controller).

#### Connections on EtherNet/IP

To access a target device, an Originator opens a connection which can include several sessions that send requests.

One explicit connection uses one session (a session is a TCP or UDP connection).

One I/O connection uses 2 sessions.

The following table shows the EtherNet/IP connections limitations:

| Characteristic        | Maximum     |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Explicit connections  | 8 (Class 3) |
| I/O connections       | 1 (Class 1) |
| Connections           | 8           |
| Sessions              | 16          |
| Simultaneous requests | 32          |

**NOTE:** The M241 Logic Controller supports cyclic connections only. If an Originator opens a connection using a change of state trigger type, the connection is not rejected by the controller but packets are sent at the RPI rate.

## **Profile**

The controller supports the following objects:

| Object class  | Class ID | Cat. | Number of<br>Instances | Effect on Interface Behavior   |
|---|----------|------|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Identity Object (see page 51)                       | 01 hex   | 1    | 1                      | Supports the reset service     |
| Message Router Object (see page 54)                 | 02 hex   | 1    | 1                      | Explicit message connection    |
| Assembly Object (see page 55)                       | 04 hex   | 2    | 2                      | Defines I/O data format        |
| Connection Manager Object (see page 58)             | 06 hex   |      | 1                      | -                              |
| TCP/IP Interface Object (see page 60)               | F5 hex   | 1    | 1                      | TCP/IP configuration           |
| Ethernet Link Object (see page 62)                  | F6 hex   | 1    | 1                      | Counter and status information |
| Interface Diagnostic Object (see page 63)           | 350 hex  | 1    | 1                      | -                              |
| Scanner Diagnostic Object (see page 63)             | 351 hex  | 1    | 1                      | -                              |
| Connection Diagnostic Object (see page 63)          | 352 hex  | 1    | 1                      | -                              |
| Explicit Connection Diagnostic Object (see page 63) | 353 hex  | 1    | 1                      | _                              |

## Identity Object (Class ID = 01 hex)

The following table describes the class attributes of the Identity Object:

| Attribute ID | Access | Name                                   | Data Type     | Value | Details   |
|--------------|--------|--|---------------|-------|---|
| 1            | Get    | Revision                               | UINT          | 01h   | Implementation revision of the Identity Object  |
| 2            | Get    | Max Instances                          | UINT          | 01h   | The largest instance number   |
| 3            | Get    | Number of<br>Instances                 | UINT          | 01h   | The number of object instances  |
| 4            | Get    | Optional<br>Instance<br>Attribute List | UINT, UINT [] | 00h   | The first 2 bytes contain the number of optional instance attributes. Each following pair of bytes represents the number of other optional instance attributes. |
| 6            | Get    | Max Class<br>Attribute                 | UINT          | 07h   | The largest class attributes value  |
| 7            | Get    | Max Instance<br>Attribute              | UINT          | 07h   | The largest instance attributes value   |

The following table describes the Class Services:

| Service Code (hex) | Name                 | Description                                  |
|--------------------|----------------------|--|
| 01                 | Get Attribute All    | Returns the value of all class attributes    |
| 0E                 | Get Attribute Single | Returns the value of the specified attribute |

The following table describes the Instance Services:

| Service Code (hex) | Name                 | Description   |
|--------------------|----------------------|---|
| 01                 | Get Attribute All    | Returns the value of all class attributes             |
| 05                 | Reset (1)            | Initializes EtherNet/IP component (controller reboot) |
| 0E                 | Get Attribute Single | Returns the value of the specified attribute          |

## (1) Reset Service description:

When the Identity Object receives a Reset request, it:

- determines whether it can provide the type of reset requested
- responds to the request
- attempts to perform the type of reset requested

The Reset common service has one specific parameter, Type of Reset (USINT), with the following values:

| Value  | Type of Reset   |  |  |
|--------|---|--|--|
| 0      | Reboots the controller.   |  |  |
|        | NOTE: This value is the default value if this parameter is omitted. |  |  |
| 1      | Reset Warm.   |  |  |
| 2      | Not supported.  |  |  |
| 399    | Reserved  |  |  |
| 100199 | Vendor specific   |  |  |
| 200255 | Reserved  |  |  |

The following table describes the Instance attributes:

| Attribute ID | Access | Name         | Data Type                    | Value | Details   |
|--------------|--------|--------------|------------------------------|-------|---|
| 1            | Get    | Vendor ID    | UINT                         | 243h  | Schneider Automation ID   |
| 2            | Get    | Device type  | UINT                         | 0Eh   | Controller  |
| 3            | Get    | Product code | UINT                         | 1002h | Controller product code   |
| 4            | Get    | Revision     | Struct of<br>USINT,<br>USINT | _     | Product revision of the controller <sup>(1)</sup> Equivalent to the 2 low bytes of controller version |

| Attribute ID | Access | Name          | Data Type                     | Value | Details   |
|--------------|--------|---------------|-------------------------------|-------|---|
| 5            | Get    | Status        | WORD (2)                      | _     | See definition in the table below                         |
| 6            | Get    | Serial number | UDINT                         | _     | Serial number of the controller XX + 3 LSB of MAC address |
| 7            | Get    | Product name  | Struct of<br>USINT,<br>STRING | _     | _   |

(1) Mapped in a WORD:

MSB: minor revision (second USINT)

• LSB: major revision (first USINT)

Example: 0205h means revision V5.2.

## (2) Status Description (Attribute 5):

| Bit | Name                            | Description  |  |
|-----|---------------------------------|--|--|
| 0   | Owned                           | Unused   |  |
| 1   | Reserved                        | -  |  |
| 2   | Configured                      | TRUE indicates the device application has been reconfigured.   |  |
| 3   | Reserved                        | -  |  |
| 47  | Extended Device<br>Status       | <ul> <li>0: self-testing or undetermined</li> <li>1: firmware update in progress</li> <li>2: at least one invalid I/O connection detected</li> <li>3: no I/O connections established</li> <li>4: non-volatile configuration invalid</li> <li>5: non recoverable error detected</li> <li>6: at least one I/O connection in RUNNING state</li> <li>7: at least one I/O connection established, all in idle mode</li> <li>8: reserved</li> <li>915: unused</li> </ul> |  |
| 8   | Minor<br>Recoverable<br>Fault   | TRUE indicates the device detected an error, which, under most circumstances is recoverable.  This type of event does not lead to a change in the device state.  |  |
| 9   | Minor<br>Unrecoverable<br>Fault | TRUE indicates the device detected an error, which, under most circumstances is unrecoverable.  This type of event does not lead to a change in the device state.  |  |
| 10  | Major<br>Recoverable<br>Fault   | TRUE indicates the device detected an error, which requires the device to report an exception and enter into the HALT state.  This type of event leads to a change in the device state, but, under most circumstances, is recoverable.   |  |

| Bit  | Name                            | Description  |
|------|---------------------------------|--|
| 11   | Major<br>Unrecoverable<br>Fault | TRUE indicates the device detected an error, which requires the device to report an exception and enter into the HALT state.  This type of event leads to a change in the device state, but, under most circumstances, is not recoverable. |
| 1215 | Reserved                        | _  |

## Message Router Object (Class ID = 02 hex)

The following table describes the class attributes of the Message Router Object:

| Attribute ID | Access | Name                                   | Data Type                  | Value | Details   |
|--------------|--------|--|----------------------------|-------|---|
| 1            | Get    | Revision                               | UINT                       | 01h   | Implementation revision of the Message Router Object  |
| 2            | Get    | Max Instances                          | UINT                       | 01h   | The largest instance number   |
| 3            | Get    | Number of<br>Instance                  | UINT                       | 01h   | The number of object instances  |
| 4            | Get    | Optional<br>Instance<br>Attribute List | Struct of UINT,<br>UINT [] | 20    | The first 2 bytes contain the number of optional instance attributes. Each following pair of bytes represents the number of other optional instance attributes (from 100 to 119). |
| 5            | Get    | Optional<br>Service List               | UINT                       | 00h   | The number and list of any implemented optional services attribute (0: no optional services implemented)  |
| 6            | Get    | Max Class<br>Attribute                 | UINT                       | 07h   | The largest class attributes value  |
| 7            | Get    | Max Instance<br>Attribute              | UINT                       | 119   | The largest instance attributes value   |

The following table describes the Class Services:

| Service Code (hex) | Name                 | Description                                  |
|--------------------|----------------------|--|
| 01                 | Get Attribute All    | Returns the value of all class attributes    |
| 0E                 | Get Attribute Single | Returns the value of the specified attribute |

The following table describes the Instance Services:

| Service Code (hex) | Name                 | Description                                  |
|--------------------|----------------------|--|
| 01                 | Get Attribute All    | Returns the value of all class attributes    |
| 0E                 | Get Attribute Single | Returns the value of the specified attribute |

The following table describes the Instance attributes:

| Attribute ID | Access | Name                    | Data Type                  | Value | Description   |
|--------------|--------|-------------------------|----------------------------|-------|---|
| 1            | Get    | Implemented Object List | Struct of<br>UINT, UINT [] | -     | Implemented Object list. The first 2 bytes contain the number of implemented objects. Each two bytes that follow represent another implemented class number. This list contains the following objects:  Identity  Message Router  Assembly  Connection Manager  Parameter  File Object  Modbus  Port  TCP/IP  Ethernet Link |
| 2            | Get    | Number available        | UINT                       | 512   | Maximum number of concurrent CIP (Class1 or Class 3) connections supported  |

## Assembly Object (Class ID = 04 hex)

The following table describes the class attributes of the Assembly Object:

| Attribute ID | Access | Name                                | Data Type                     | Value | Details   |
|--------------|--------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|---|
| 1            | Get    | Revision                            | UINT                          | 2     | Implementation revision of the Assembly Object  |
| 2            | Get    | Max Instances                       | UINT                          | 189   | The largest instance number   |
| 3            | Get    | Number of Instances                 | UINT                          | 2     | The number of object instances  |
| 4            | Get    | Optional Instance<br>Attribute List | Struct of:<br>UINT<br>UINT [] | 1 4   | The first 2 bytes contain the number of optional instance attributes. Each following pair of bytes represents the number of other optional instance attributes. |
| 5            | Get    | Optional Service List               | UINT                          | 00h   | The number and list of any implemented optional services attribute (0: no optional services implemented)  |
| 6            | Get    | Max Class Attribute                 | UINT                          | 07h   | The largest class attributes value  |
| 7            | Get    | Max Instance Attribute              | UINT                          | 04h   | The largest instance attributes value   |

The following table describes the Class Services:

| Service Code (hex) | Name                 | Description                                  |
|--------------------|----------------------|--|
| 0E                 | Get Attribute Single | Returns the value of the specified attribute |

The following table describes the Instance Services:

| Service Code (hex) | Name                 | Description                                   |
|--------------------|----------------------|---|
| 0E                 | Get Attribute Single | Returns the value of the specified attribute  |
| 10                 | Set Attribute Single | Modifies the value of the specified attribute |

## **Instances Supported**

Output means OUTPUT from Originator controller (= %IW for the controller).

Input means INPUT from Originator controller (= %QW for the controller).

The controller supports 2 Assemblies:

| Name                    | Instance                                  | Data Size |
|-------------------------|---|-----------|
| Controller Output (%IW) | Configurable: must be between 100 and 149 | 240 words |
| Controller Input (%QW)  | Configurable: must be between 150 and 189 | 240 words |

**NOTE:** The Assembly object binds together the attributes of multiple objects so that information to or from each object can be communicated over a single connection. Assembly objects are static. The Assemblies in use can be modified through the parameter access of the network configuration tool (RSNetWorx). The controller needs to recycle power to register a new Assembly assignment.

The following table describes the Instance attributes:

| Attribute ID | Access  | Name               | Data Type     | Value | Description   |
|--------------|---------|--------------------|---------------|-------|---|
| 3            | Get/Set | Instance Data      | ARRAY of Byte | _     | Data Set service only available for Controller output |
| 4            | Get     | Instance Data Size | UINT          | 480   | Size of data in byte                                  |

### Access from a EtherNet/IP Scanner

When an EtherNet/IP Scanner needs to exchange assemblies with an M241 Logic Controller, it uses the following access parameters (Connection path):

- Class 4
- Instance xx where xx is the instance value (example: 2464 hex = instance 100).
- Attribute 3

In addition, a configuration assembly must be defined in the Originator.

For example: Class 4, Instance 3, Attribute 3, the resulting Connection Path will be::

- 2004 hex
- 2403 hex
- 2c<xx> hex

## Connection Manager Object (Class ID = 06 hex)

The following table describes the class attributes of the Assembly Object:

| Attribute ID | Access | Name                                   | Data Type                     | Value | Details   |
|--------------|--------|--|-------------------------------|-------|---|
| 1            | Get    | Revision                               | UINT                          | 2     | Implementation revision of the Connection Manager Object  |
| 2            | Get    | Max Instances                          | UINT                          | 189   | The largest instance number   |
| 3            | Get    | Number of<br>Instances                 | UINT                          | 2     | The number of object instances  |
| 4            | Get    | Optional<br>Instance<br>Attribute List | Struct of:<br>UINT<br>UINT [] |       | The number and list of the optional attributes. The first word contains the number of attributes to follow and each following word contains another attribute code.  Following optional attributes include:  • total number of incoming connection open requests  • the number of requests rejected because of the non-conforming format of the Forward Open  • the number of requests rejected because of insufficient resources  • the number of requests rejected because of the parameter value sent with the Forward Open  • the number of Forward Close requests received  • the number of Forward Close requests that had an invalid format  • the number of Forward Close requests that could not be matched to an active connection  • the number of connections that have timed out because the other side stopped producing, or a network disconnection occurred |
| 6            | Get    | Max Class<br>Attribute                 | UINT                          | 07h   | The largest class attributes value  |
| 7            | Get    | Max Instance<br>Attribute              | UINT                          | 08h   | The largest instance attributes value   |

## The following table describes the Class Services:

| Service Code (hex) | Name                 | Description                                  |
|--------------------|----------------------|--|
| 01                 | Get Attribute All    | Returns the value of all class attributes    |
| 0E                 | Get Attribute Single | Returns the value of the specified attribute |

## The following table describes the Instance Services:

| Service Code (hex) | Name                 | Description                                  |
|--------------------|----------------------|--|
| 01                 | Get Attribute All    | Returns the value of all instance attributes |
| 0E                 | Get Attribute Single | Returns the value of the specified attribute |
| 4E                 | Forward Close        | Closes an existing connection                |
| 52                 | Unconnected Send     | Sends a multi-hop unconnected request        |
| 54                 | Forward Open         | Opens a new connection                       |

## The following table describes the Instance attributes:

| Attribute ID | Access | Name                     | Data Type     | Value | Description   |
|--------------|--------|--------------------------|---------------|-------|---|
| 1            | Get    | Open Requests            | UINT          | -     | Number of Forward Open service requests received  |
| 2            | Get    | Open Format Rejects      | UINT          | -     | Number of Forward Open service requests which were rejected due to invalid format   |
| 3            | Get    | Open Resource<br>Rejects | ARRAY of Byte | _     | Number of Forward Open service requests which were rejected due to lack of resources  |
| 4            | Get    | Open Other Rejects       | UINT          | _     | Number of Forward Open service<br>requests which were rejected for<br>reasons other than invalid format<br>or lack of resources |
| 5            | Get    | Close Requests           | UINT          | _     | Number of Forward Close service requests received   |
| 6            | Get    | Close Format<br>Requests | UINT          | _     | Number of Forward Close service requests which were rejected due to invalid format  |
| 7            | Get    | Close Other<br>Requests  | UINT          | _     | Number of Forward Close service requests which were rejected for reasons other than invalid format                              |
| 8            | Get    | Connection Timeouts      | UINT          | _     | Total number of connection timeouts that have occurred in connections controlled by this Connection Manager                     |

## TCP/IP Interface Object (Class ID = F5 hex)

This object maintains link specific counters and status information for an Ethernet 802.3 communications interface.

The following table describes the class attributes of the TCP/IP Interface Object:

| Attribute ID | Access | Name               | Data Type | Value | Details  |
|--------------|--------|--------------------|-----------|-------|--|
| 1            | Get    | Revision           | UINT      | 4     | Implementation revision of the TCP/IP Interface Object |
| 2            | Get    | Max Instances      | UINT      | 2     | The largest instance number                            |
| 3            | Get    | Number of Instance | UINT      | 2     | The number of object instances                         |

The following table describes the Class Services:

| Service Code (hex) | Name                 | Description                                  |
|--------------------|----------------------|--|
| 01                 | Get Attribute All    | Returns the value of all class attributes    |
| 0E                 | Get Attribute Single | Returns the value of the specified attribute |

### **Instance Codes**

Only instance 1 is supported.

The following table describes the Instance Services:

| Service Code (hex) | Name                 | Description   |
|--------------------|----------------------|---|
| 01                 | Get Attribute All    | Returns the value of all instance attributes          |
| 0E                 | Get Attribute Single | Returns the value of the specified instance attribute |

The following table describes the Instance Attributes:

| Attribute ID | Access | Name                        | Data Type       | Value                     | Description  |
|--------------|--------|-----------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|--|
| 1            | Get    | Status                      | DWORD           | Bit level                 | <ul> <li>0: The interface configuration attribute has not been configured.</li> <li>1: The interface configuration contains a valid configuration.</li> <li>215: Reserved.</li> </ul>  |
| 2            | Get    | Configuration<br>Capability | DWORD           | Bit level                 | <ul> <li>0: BOOTP Client</li> <li>1: DNS Client</li> <li>2: DHCP Client</li> <li>5: Configured in EcoStruxure Machine Expert</li> <li>All other bits are reserved and set to 0.</li> </ul>   |
| 3            | Get    | Configuration               | DWORD           | Bit level                 | <ul> <li>0: The interface configuration is valid.</li> <li>1: The interface configuration is obtained with BOOTP.</li> <li>2: The interface configuration is obtained with DHCP.</li> <li>3: reserved</li> <li>4: DNS Enable</li> <li>All other bits are reserved and set to 0.</li> </ul> |
| 4            | Get    | Physical Link               | UINT            | Path size                 | Number of 16 bits word in the element Path   |
|              |        |                             | Padded<br>EPATH | Path                      | Logical segments identifying the physical link object. The path is restricted to one logical class segment and one logical instance segment. The maximum size is 12 bytes.   |
| 5            | Get    | Interface                   | UDINT           | IP Address                | -  |
|              |        | configuration               | UDINT           | Network<br>Mask           | _  |
|              |        |                             | UDINT           | Gateway<br>Address        | -  |
|              |        |                             | UDINT           | Primary<br>Name           | -  |
|              |        |                             | UDINT           | Secondary<br>Name         | 0: no secondary name server address has been configured.   |
|              |        |                             | STRING          | Default<br>Domain<br>Name | 0: no Domain Name is configured  |
| 6            | Get    | Host Name                   | STRING          | _                         | ASCII characters. 0: no Host Name is configured  |

## Ethernet Link Object (Class ID = F6 hex)

This object provides the mechanism to configure a TCP/IP network interface device.

The following table describes the class attributes of the Ethernet Link Object:

| Attribute ID | Access | Name                | Data Type | Value | Details   |
|--------------|--------|---------------------|-----------|-------|---|
| 1            | Get    | Revision            | UINT      | 4     | Implementation revision of the Ethernet Link Object |
| 2            | Get    | Max Instances       | UINT      | 3     | The largest instance number                         |
| 3            | Get    | Number of Instances | UINT      | 3     | The number of object instances                      |

The following table describes the Class Services:

| Service Code (hex) | Name                 | Description                                  |
|--------------------|----------------------|--|
| 01                 | Get Attribute All    | Returns the value of all class attributes    |
| 0E                 | Get Attribute Single | Returns the value of the specified attribute |

### Instance Codes

Only instance 1 is supported.

The following table describes the Instance Services:

| Service Code (hex) | Name                 | Description   |
|--------------------|----------------------|---|
| 01                 | Get Attribute All    | Returns the value of all instance attributes          |
| 0E                 | Get Attribute Single | Returns the value of the specified instance attribute |

The following table describes the Instance Attributes:

| Attribute ID | Access | Name                | Data Type           | Value     | Description  |
|--------------|--------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------|--|
| 1            | Get    | Interface Speed     | UDINT               | _         | Speed in Mbps (10 or 100)  |
| 2            | Get    | Interface Flags     | DWORD               | Bit level | <ul> <li>0: link status</li> <li>1: half/full duplex</li> <li>24: negotiation status</li> <li>5: manual setting / requires reset</li> <li>6: local hardware error detected</li> <li>All other bits are reserved and set to 0.</li> </ul> |
| 3            | Get    | Physical<br>Address | ARRAY of<br>6 USINT | _         | This array contains the MAC address of the product. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX-XX   |

## Interface Diagnostic Object (Class ID = 350 hex)

The following table describes the class attributes of the Interface Diagnostic Object:

| Attribute ID | Access | Name         | Data Type | Value | Details  |
|--------------|--------|--------------|-----------|-------|--|
| 1            | Get    | Revision     | UINT      | 01h   | Increased by 1 at each new update of the object. |
| 2            | Get    | Max Instance | UINT      | 01h   | Maximum instance number of the object.           |

## Scanner Diagnostic Object (Class ID = 351 hex)

The following table describes the class attributes of the Scanner Diagnostic Object:

| Attribute ID | Access | Name         | Data Type | Value | Details  |
|--------------|--------|--------------|-----------|-------|--|
| 1            | Get    | Revision     | UINT      | 01h   | Increased by 1 at each new update of the object. |
| 2            | Get    | Max Instance | UINT      | 01h   | Maximum instance number of the object.           |

### Connection Diagnostic Object (Class ID = 352 hex)

The following table describes the class attributes of the Connection Diagnostic Object:

| Attribute ID | Access | Name         | Data Type | Value   | Details  |
|--------------|--------|--------------|-----------|---|--|
| 1            | Get    | Revision     | UINT      | 01h   | Increased by 1 at each new update of the object. |
| 2            | Get    | Max Instance | UINT      | 0n (maximum<br>number of CIP IO<br>connections) | Maximum instance number of the object.           |

NOTE: There is one IO Connection Diagnostic object instance for both O->T and T->O paths.

## Explicit Connection Diagnostic Object (Class ID = 353 hex)

The following table describes the class attributes of the Explicit Connection Diagnostic Object:

| Attribute ID | Access | Name         | Data Type | Value   | Details  |
|--------------|--------|--------------|-----------|---|--|
| 1            | Get    | Revision     | UINT      | 01h   | Increased by 1 at each new update of the object. |
| 2            | Get    | Max Instance | UINT      | 0n (maximum<br>number of CIP IO<br>connections) | Maximum instance number of the object.           |

## M241 Logic Controller as a Slave Device on Modbus TCP

### Overview

This section describes the configuration of the M241 Logic Controller as a **Modbus TCP Slave Device**.

To configure your M241 Logic Controller as a **Modbus TCP Slave Device**, you must add **Modbus TCP Slave Device** functionality to your controller (see Adding a Modbus TCP Slave Device (see page 64)). This functionality creates a specific I/O area in the controller that is accessible with the Modbus TCP protocol. This I/O area is used whenever an external master needs to access the %IW and %QW objects of the controller. This **Modbus TCP Slave Device** functionality allows you to furnish to this area the controller I/O objects which can then be accessed with a single Modbus read/write registers request.

The **Modbus TCP Slave Device** adds another Modbus server function to the controller. This server is addressed by the Modbus client application by specifying a configured Unit ID (Modbus address) in the range 1...247. The embedded Modbus server of the slave controller needs no configuration, and is addressed by specifying a Unit ID equal to 255. Refer to Modbus TCP Configuration (see page 65).

Inputs/outputs are seen from the slave controller: inputs are written by the master, and outputs are read by the master.

The **Modbus TCP Slave Device** can define a privileged Modbus client application, whose connection is not forcefully closed (embedded Modbus connections may be closed when more than 8 connections are needed).

The timeout duration associated to the privileged connection allows you to verify whether the controller is being polled by the privileged master. If no Modbus request is received within the timeout duration, the diagnostic information <code>i\_byMasterIpLost</code> is set to 1 (TRUE). For more information, refer to the Ethernet Port Read-Only System Variables (see Modicon M241 Logic Controller, System Functions and Variables, PLCSystem Library Guide).

For further information about Modbus TCP, refer to the www.modbus.org website.

### Adding a Modbus TCP Slave Device

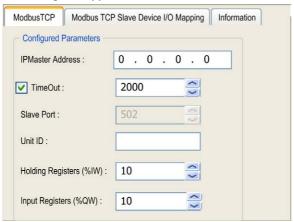
To configure your M241 Logic Controller to use the Modbus TCP slave device, you must:

| Step | Action   |
|------|--|
| 1    | Add a TM4ES4 expansion module to your configuration. To do this, you must have added the Industrial_Ethernet_manager to your logic controller.   |
| 2    | Select Modbus TCP Slave Device in the Hardware Catalog.  |
| 3    | Drag and drop it to the <b>Devices tree</b> on one of the highlighted nodes.  For more information on adding a device to your project, refer to:  • Using the Drag-and-drop Method (see EcoStruxure Machine Expert, Programming Guide)  • Using the Contextual Menu or Plus Button (see EcoStruxure Machine Expert, Programming Guide) |

## **Modbus TCP Configuration**

To configure the Modbus TCP slave device, double-click **Ethernet\_1** → **ModbusTCP\_Slave\_Device** in the **Devices tree**.

This dialog box appears:



| Element                 | Description  |  |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| IP Master Address       | IP address of the Modbus master The connections are not closed on this address.                        |  |
| TimeOut                 | Timeout in 500 ms increments   |  |
|                         | <b>NOTE:</b> The timeout applies to the <b>IP Master Address</b> unless the address is 0.0.0.0.        |  |
| Slave Port              | Modbus communication port (502)  |  |
| Unit ID                 | Sends the requests to the Modbus TCP slave device (1247), instead of the embedded Modbus server (255). |  |
| Holding Registers (%IW) | Number of %IW registers to be used in the exchange (240) (each register is 2 bytes)                    |  |
| Input Registers (%QW)   | Number of %QW registers to be used in the exchange (240) (each register is 2 bytes)                    |  |

### Modbus TCP Slave Device I/O Mapping Tab

The I/Os are mapped to Modbus registers from the master perspective as follows:

- %IWs are mapped from register 0 to n-1 and are R/W (n = Holding register quantity, each %IW register is 2 bytes).
- %QWs are mapped from register n to n+m -1 and are read only (m = Input registers quantity, each %QW register is 2 bytes).

Once a **Modbus TCP Slave Device** has been configured, Modbus commands sent to its Unit ID (Modbus address) are handled differently than the same command would be when addressed to any other Modbus device on the network. For example, when the Modbus command 3 (3 hex) is sent to a standard Modbus device, it reads and returns the value of one or more registers. When this same command is sent to the Modbus TCP Slave, it facilitates a read operation by the external I/O scanner.

Once a **Modbus TCP Slave Device** has been configured, Modbus commands sent to its Unit ID (Modbus address) access the %IW and %QW objects of the controller instead of the regular Modbus words (accessed when the Unit ID is 255). This facilitates read/write operations by a Modbus TCP IOScanner application.

The **Modbus TCP Slave Device** responds to a subset of the Modbus commands with the purpose of exchanging data with the external I/O scanner. The following Modbus commands are supported by the **Modbus TCP Slave Device**:

| Function Code<br>Dec (Hex) | Function                      | Comment   |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| 3 (3)                      | Read holding register         | Allows the master to read %IW and %QW objects of the device                                     |
| 6 (6)                      | Write single register         | Allows the master to write %IW objects of the device  |
| 16 (10)                    | Write multiple registers      | Allows the master to write %IW objects of the device  |
| 23 (17)                    | Read/write multiple registers | Allows the master to read %IW and %QW objects of the device and write %IW objects of the device |
| Other                      | Not supported                 | -   |

**NOTE:** Modbus requests that attempt to access registers above n+m-1 are answered by the 02 - ILLEGAL DATA ADDRESS exception code.

#### Modbus TCP Slave Device I/O Mapping Modbus TCP Information Channels Variable Mapping Channel Address Type Default Value Unit Description Inputs %IW0 ARRAY [0...9] OF... Modbus Holding... Maria Application.POU.tata %IW0 WORD 1 Inputs[0] iwModbusTCT\_Sla... X' %IW1 WORD Inputs[1] iwModbusTCT Sla... %IW2 WORD Inputs[2] iwModbusTCT\_Sla... N. Inputs[3] %IW3 WORD iwModbusTCT Sla... Inputs[4] %IW4 WORD iwModbusTCT\_Sla... %IW5 WORD Inputs[5] iwModbusTCT\_Sla... N. Comments %IW6 Inputs[6] WORD Inputs[7] iwModbusTCT Sla... %IW7 WORD %IW8 WORD iwModbusTCT Sla... Inputs[8] iwModbusTCT Sla... · S WORD Inputs[9] %IW9 K ARRAY [0...9] OF... Modbus Input Re... Outputs %QW0 ⊕ wModbusTCP\_Sl... %QW0 WORD Outputs[0] gwModbusTCP Sl... N. %QW1 WORD Outputs[1] N. math street of the street of t Outputs[2] %QW2 WORD + gwModbusTCP Sl... Outputs[3] %QW3 WORD gwModbusTCP\_Sl... N. S. %QW4 WORD Outputs[4] math qwModbusTCP\_Sl... Outputs[5] %QW5 WORD ⊕ ¶ qwModbusTCP\_SI... X Outputs[6] %QW6 WORD swModbusTCP Sl... N. Outputs[7] %QW7 WORD · gwModbusTCP\_SI... X. WORD Outputs[8] %QW8 ⊕ ¶ qwModbusTCP\_SI... WORD Outputs[9] %QW9 ✓ Always update variables Reset mapping IEC Objects Variable Mapping Modbus TCP\_Slave\_De IoDrvModbusTCPSlave

= Map to existing variable

Use parent bus cycle setting

= Create new variable
Bus cycle options

Bus cycle task

## To link I/O objects to variables, select the Modbus TCP Slave Device I/O Mapping tab:

| Channel |     | Туре | Type Description   |  |  |
|---------|-----|------|--------------------|--|--|
| Input   | IW0 | WORD | Holding register 0 |  |  |
|         |     |      |                    |  |  |
|         | IWx | WORD | Holding register x |  |  |
| Output  | QW0 | WORD | Input register 0   |  |  |
|         |     |      |                    |  |  |
|         | QWv | WORD | Input register v   |  |  |

The number of words depends on the **Holding Registers (%IW)** and **Input Registers (%QW)** parameters of the **Modbus TCP** tab.

**NOTE:** Output means OUTPUT from Originator controller (%IW for the controller). Input means INPUT from Originator controller (%QW for the controller).

**NOTE:** The Modbus TCP slave device refreshes the %IW and %QW registers as a single time-consistent unit, synchronized with the IEC tasks (MAST task by default). By contrast, the embedded Modbus TCP server only ensures time-consistency for one word (2 bytes). If your application requires time-consistency for more than one word (2 bytes), use the **Modbus TCP Slave Device**.

### **Bus Cycle Options**

Select the Bus cycle task to use:

- Use parent bus cycle setting (the default),
- MAST

There is a corresponding **Bus cycle task** parameter in the I/O mapping editor of the device that contains the Modbus TCP slave device. This parameter defines the task responsible for refreshing the %IW and %QW registers.

# Section 2.2

# **Firewall Configuration**

## Introduction

This section describes how to configure the firewall of the Modicon M241 Logic Controller.

## What Is in This Section?

This section contains the following topics:

| Topic                     | Page |  |
|---------------------------|------|--|
| Introduction              | 70   |  |
| Dynamic Changes Procedure |      |  |
| Firewall Behavior         | 73   |  |
| Firewall Script Commands  | 75   |  |

### Introduction

### **Firewall Presentation**

In general, firewalls help protect network security zone perimeters by blocking unauthorized access and permitting authorized access. A firewall is a device or set of devices configured to permit, deny, encrypt, decrypt, or proxy traffic between different security zones based upon a set of rules and other criteria.

Process control devices and high-speed manufacturing machines require fast data throughput and often cannot tolerate the latency introduced by an aggressive security strategy inside the control network. Firewalls, therefore, play a significant role in a security strategy by providing levels of protection at the perimeters of the network. Firewalls are an important part of an overall, system level strategy. By default, firewall rules do not allow the transfer of incoming IP telegrams from a controller network to a fieldbus network.

**NOTE:** Schneider Electric adheres to industry best practices in the development and implementation of control systems. This includes a "Defense-in-Depth" approach to secure an Industrial Control System. This approach places the controllers behind one or more firewalls to restrict access to authorized personnel and protocols only.

## **A** WARNING

# UNAUTHENTICATED ACCESS AND SUBSEQUENT UNAUTHORIZED MACHINE OPERATION

- Evaluate whether your environment or your machines are connected to your critical infrastructure and, if so, take appropriate steps in terms of prevention, based on Defense-in-Depth, before connecting the automation system to any network.
- Limit the number of devices connected to a network to the minimum necessary.
- Isolate your industrial network from other networks inside your company.
- Protect any network against unintended access by using firewalls, VPN, or other, proven security measures.
- Monitor activities within your systems.
- Prevent subject devices from direct access or direct link by unauthorized parties or unauthenticated actions.
- Prepare a recovery plan including backup of your system and process information.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

## **Firewall Configuration**

There are three ways to manage the controller firewall configuration:

- Static configuration
- Dynamic changes
- Application settings

Script files are used in the static configuration and for dynamic changes.

# **Static Configuration**

The static configuration is loaded at the controller boot.

The controller firewall can be statically configured by managing a default script file located in the controller. The path to this file is /usr/Cfg/FirewallDefault.cmd.

# **Dynamic Changes**

After the controller boot, the controller firewall configuration can be changed by the use of script files.

There are two ways to load these dynamic changes using:

- A physical SD card (see page 72).
- A function block (see page 72) in the application.

# **Application Settings**

See Ethernet Configuration (see Modicon M241 Logic Controller, Programming Guide).

# **Dynamic Changes Procedure**

# Using an SD Card

This table describes the procedure to execute a script file from an SD card:

| Step | Action   |
|------|--|
| 1    | Create a valid script file (see page 75). For example, name the script file FirewallMaintenance.cmd.   |
| 2    | Load the script file on the SD card. For example, load the script file in the <i>usr/Cfg</i> folder.   |
| 3    | In the file Sys/Cmd/Script.cmd, add a code line with the command Firewall_install "/pathname/FileName" For example, the code line is Firewall_install "/sd0/usr/Cfg/FirewallMaintenance.cmd" |
| 4    | Insert the SD card on the controller.  |

# Using a Function Block in the Application

This table describes the procedure to execute a script file from an application:

| Step | Action   |
|------|--|
| 1    | Create a valid script file <i>(see page 75)</i> . For example, name the script file <i>FirewallMaintenance.cmd</i> .   |
| 2    | Load the script file in the controller memory. For example, load the script file in the <i>usr/Syslog</i> folder with FTP.   |
| 3    | Use an ExecuteScript (see Modicon M241 Logic Controller, System Functions and Variables, PLCSystem Library Guide) function block.  For example, the [SCmd] input is 'Firewall_install "/usr/Syslog/FirewallMaintenance.cmd"' |

# **Firewall Behavior**

### Introduction

The firewall configuration depends on the action done on the controller and the initial configuration state. There are five possible initial states:

- There is no default script file in the controller.
- A correct script file is present.
- An incorrect script file is present.
- There is no default script file and the application has configured the firewall.
- A dynamic script file configuration has already been executed.

# No Default Script File

| If                                    | Then  |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Boot of the controller                | Firewall is not configured. No protection is activated.       |
| Execute dynamic script file           | Firewall is configured according to the dynamic script file.  |
| Execute dynamic incorrect script file | Firewall is not configured. No protection is activated.       |
| Download application                  | Firewall is configured according to the application settings. |

# **Default Script File Present**

| If                                    | Then  |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Boot of the controller                | Firewall is configured according to the default script file.  |
| Execute dynamic script file           | The whole configuration of the default script file is deleted. Firewall is configured according to the dynamic script file. |
| Execute dynamic incorrect script file | Firewall is configured according to the default script file. The dynamic script file is not taken into account.             |
| Download application                  | The whole configuration of the application is ignored. Firewall is configured according to the default script file.         |

# **Incorrect Default Script File Present**

| If                                    | Then  |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Boot of the controller                | Firewall is not configured. No protection is activated        |
| Execute dynamic script file           | Firewall is configured according to the dynamic script file.  |
| Execute dynamic incorrect script file | Firewall is not configured. No protection is activated.       |
| Download application                  | Firewall is configured according to the application settings. |

# Application Settings with No Default Script File

| If                                    | Then  |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Boot of the controller                | Firewall is configured according to the application settings.   |
| Execute dynamic script file           | The whole configuration of the application settings is deleted. Firewall is configured according to the dynamic script file.      |
| Execute dynamic incorrect script file | Firewall is configured according to the application settings. The dynamic script file is not taken into account.                  |
| Download application                  | The whole configuration of the previous application is deleted. Firewall is configured according to the new application settings. |

# **Execute Dynamic Script File Already Executed**

| If                                    | Then   |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Boot of the controller                | Firewall is configured according to the dynamic script file configuration (see note).  |
| Execute dynamic script file           | The whole configuration of the previous dynamic script file is deleted. Firewall is configured according to the new dynamic script file.         |
| Execute dynamic incorrect script file | Firewall is configured according to the previous dynamic script file configuration. The dynamic incorrect script file is not taken into account. |
| Download application                  | The whole configuration of the application is ignored Firewall is configured according to the dynamic script file.                               |

**NOTE:** If an SD card containing a cybersecurity script is plugged into the controller, booting is blocked. First remove the SD card to correctly boot the controller.

# **Firewall Script Commands**

# Overview

This section describes how script files (default script files or dynamic script files) are written so that they can be executed during the booting of the controller or during a specific command triggered.

NOTE: The MAC layer rules are managed separately and have more priority over other packet filter rules.

# Script File Syntax

The syntax of script files is described in Script Syntax Guidelines.

# **General Firewall Commands**

The following commands are available to manage the Ethernet firewall of the M241 Logic Controller:

| Command                                     | Description  |
|---|--|
| Firewall Enable                             | Blocks the frames from the Ethernet interfaces. If no specific IP address is authorized, it is not possible to communicate on the Ethernet interfaces. |
|   | <b>NOTE:</b> By default, when the firewall is enabled, the frames are rejected.  |
| Firewall Disable                            | Firewall rules are not applied. Frames are not blocked   |
| Firewall Ethx Default Allow <sup>(1)</sup>  | Frames are accepted by the controller.   |
| Firewall Ethx Default Reject <sup>(1)</sup> | Frames are rejected by the controller.   |
|   | <b>NOTE:</b> By default, if this line is not present, it corresponds to the command Firewall Ethl Default Reject.                                      |
| (1)Where Fthx =                             |  |

- Eth1: Ethernet 1
- Eth2: TM4ES4

# **Specific Firewall Commands**

The following commands are available to configure firewall rules for specific ports and addresses:

| Command  | Range   | Description   |
|--|---|---|
| Firewall Eth1 Allow IP •.•.•.•   | • = 0255  | Frames from the specified IP address are allowed on all port numbers and port types.  |
| Firewall Eth1 Reject IP •.•.•.•  | • = 0255  | Frames from the specified IP address are rejected on all port numbers and port types.   |
| Firewall Eth1 Allow IPs •.•.• to •.•.•                                 | • = 0255  | Frames from the IP addresses in the specified range are allowed for all port numbers and port types.  |
| Firewall Eth1 Reject IPs •.•.• to •.•.•                                | • = 0255  | Frames from the IP addresses in the specified range are rejected for all port numbers and port types.   |
| Firewall Eth1 Allow port_type port Y                                   | Y = (destination port numbers (see page 79))                | Frames with the specified destination port number are allowed.  |
| Firewall Eth1 Reject port_type port Y                                  | Y = (destination port numbers (see page 79))                | Frames with the specified destination port number are rejected.   |
|  |   | <b>NOTE:</b> When IP forwarding is activated, rules with reject port only filter frames with current controller as destination. They are not applied for the frames routed by the current controller. |
| Firewall Eth1 Allow port_type ports Y1 to Y2                           | Y = (destination port numbers (see page 79))                | Frames with a destination port number in the specified range are allowed.   |
| Firewall Eth1 Reject port_type ports Y1 to Y2                          | Y = (destination port numbers (see page 79))                | Frames with a destination port number in the specified range are rejected.  |
| Firewall Eth1 Allow IP •.•.• on port_type port Y                       | • = 0255<br>Y = (destination port<br>numbers (see page 79)) | Frames from the specified IP address and with the specified destination port number are allowed.  |
| Firewall Eth1 Reject IP •.•.• on port_type port Y                      | • = 0255<br>Y = (destination port<br>numbers (see page 79)) | Frames from the specified IP address and with the specified destination port number are rejected.   |
| Firewall Eth1 Allow IP •.•.• on port_type ports Y1 to Y2               | • = 0255<br>Y = (destination port<br>numbers (see page 79)) | Frames from the specified IP address and with a destination port number in the specified range are allowed.   |
| Firewall Eth1 Reject IP •.•.• on port_type ports Y1 to Y2              | • = 0255<br>Y = (destination port<br>numbers (see page 79)) | Frames from the specified IP address and with a destination port number in the specified range are rejected.  |
| Firewall Eth1 Allow IPs •1.•1.•1.•1 to •2.•2.•2.•2 on port_type port Y | • = 0255<br>Y = (destination port<br>numbers (see page 79)) | Frames from an IP address in the specified range and with the specified destination port number are allowed.  |

| Command  | Range   | Description   |
|--|---|---|
| Firewall Eth1 Reject IPs •1.•1.•1 to •2.•2.•2.•2 on port_type port Y         | • = 0255<br>Y = (destination port<br>numbers <i>(see page 79)</i> ) | Frames from an IP address in the specified range and with the specified destination port number are rejected.   |
| Firewall Eth1 Allow IPs •1.•1.•1 to •2.•2.•2.•2 on port_type ports Y1 to Y2  | • = 0255<br>Y = (destination port<br>numbers <i>(see page 79)</i> ) | Frames from an IP address in the specified range and with a destination port number in the specified range are allowed.   |
| Firewall Eth1 Reject IPs •1.•1.•1 to •2.•2.•2.•2 on port_type ports Y1 to Y2 | • = 0255<br>Y = (destination port<br>numbers <i>(see page 79)</i> ) | Frames from an IP address in the specified range and with a destination port number in the specified range are rejected.  |
| Firewall Eth1 Allow MAC ••:••:••:••:•  | • = 0F  | Frames from the specified MAC address ••:••:••:•• are allowed.  |
|  |   | <b>NOTE:</b> When the rules to allow the MAC address are applied, only the listed MAC addresses can communicate with the controller, even if other rules are allowed. |
| Firewall Ethl Reject MAC ••:••:••:••:••                                      | • = 0F  | Frames with the specified MAC address ••:••:••:•• are rejected.   |

**NOTE:** The port\_type can be TCP or UDP.

# **Script Example**

```
; Enable FireWall. All frames are rejected;
FireWall Enable;
; Allow frames on Eth1
FireWall Eth1 Default Allow;
; Block all Modbus Requests on all IP address
Firewall Eth1 Reject tcp port 502;
; Reject frames on Eth2
FireWall Eth2 Default Reject;
; Allow FTP active connection for IP address 85.16.0.17
FireWall Eth2 Allow IP 85.16.0.17 on tcp ports 20 to 21;
```

### NOTE: IP addresses are converted to CIDR format.

### For example:

"FireWall Eth2 Allow IPs 192.168.100.66 to 192.168.100.99 on tcp port 44818;", is separated into 7:

- 192.168.100.66/31
- 192.168.100.68/30
- 192.168.100.72/29
- 192.168.100.80/28
- 192.168.100.96/27
- 192.168.100.128/26
- 192.168.100.192/29

To prevent a firewall error, use the entire subnet configuration.

**NOTE:** Characters are limited to 200 per line, including comments.

# **Ports Used**

| Protocol   | Destination Port Numbers               |  |
|--|--|--|
| Machine Expert   | UDP 1740, 1741, 1742, 1743<br>TCP 1105 |  |
| FTP  | TCP 21, 20                             |  |
| НТТР   | TCP 80                                 |  |
| Modbus   | TCP 502 <sup>(1)</sup>                 |  |
| Machine Expert Discovery   | UDP 27126, 27127                       |  |
| SNMP   | UDP 161, 162                           |  |
| NVL  | UDP Default value: 1202                |  |
| EtherNet/IP  | UDP 2222<br>TCP 44818                  |  |
| TFTP   | UDP 69 (used for FDR server only)      |  |
| (1)The default value can be changed using the change ModbusPort command. |  |  |

# Chapter 3 TM4PDPS1 PROFIBUS DP Slave Module

# Introduction

This chapter describes the configuration of the TM4PDPS1 PROFIBUS DP slave module.

# What Is in This Chapter?

This chapter contains the following sections:

| Section | Topic                                  | Page |
|---------|--|------|
| 3.1     | PROFIBUS DP Slave Module Configuration | 82   |
| 3.2     | Data Exchange                          | 87   |
| 3.3     | Diagnostic                             | 93   |

# Section 3.1 PROFIBUS DP Slave Module Configuration

# Introduction

This section describes the configuration of the TM4PDPS1 PROFIBUS DP module.

# What Is in This Section?

This section contains the following topics:

| Topic                                  | Page |
|--|------|
| Add a PROFIBUS DP Slave Module         | 83   |
| Configure the PROFIBUS DP Slave Module | 84   |
| Input / Output Devices Objects         | 85   |

### Add a PROFIBUS DP Slave Module

### Overview

With the PROFIBUS protocol the data is exchanged according to the master-slave principle. Only the master can initialize communication. The slaves respond to requests from masters. Several masters can coexist on the same bus. In this case, the slave I/O can be read by all the masters. However, a single master has write access to the outputs. The number of data items exchanged is defined during the configuration.

For the PROFIBUS master, the GSD file of the TM4PDPS1 module is located on *Drive:\Program Files\Schneider Electric\EcoStruxure Machine Expert Software\V1.1\LogicBuilder\GSD\SE100E83.GSD.* 

The GSD file is also available on www.schneider-electric.com.

There are 2 types of exchange services supported by this module:

- I/O cyclic frames exchanges (see page 88)
- acyclic data exchanges with Profibus DPV1 function (see page 91)

### Add a PROFIBUS DP Slave Module

Select the **TM4PDPS1** module in the **Hardware Catalog**, drag it to the **Devices tree**, and drop it on the **COM\_Bus** node.

For more information on adding a device to your project, refer to:

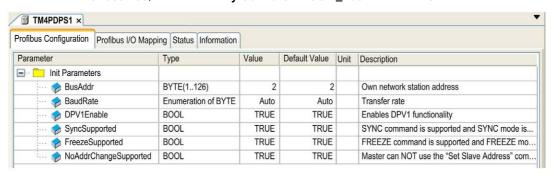
- Using the Drag-and-drop Method (see EcoStruxure Machine Expert, Programming Guide)
- Using the Contextual Menu or Plus Button (see EcoStruxure Machine Expert, Programming Guide)

**NOTE:** Adding PROFIBUS increases the associated task cycle time by several milliseconds and the starting time by several seconds.

# Configure the PROFIBUS DP Slave Module

# **PROFIBUS DP Slave Module Configuration**

In the Devices tree, double-click My Controller → COM\_Bus → TM4PDPS1:



The following parameters are provided in the **Profibus Configuration** tab:

| Parameter             | Value  | Default Value | Description   |
|-----------------------|--|---------------|---|
| BusAddr               | 1126   | 2             | PROFIBUS DP slave address. The address 126 is reserved.                                     |
| BaudRate (KBaud)      | 9.6<br>19.2<br>45.45<br>93.75<br>187.5<br>500<br>1500<br>3000<br>6000<br>12000<br>Auto | Auto          | PROFIBUS transmission rate  |
| DPV1Enable            | TRUE<br>FALSE  | TRUE          | <b>TRUE</b> = Profibus DPV1 functions for acyclic communication <i>(see page 91)</i> enable |
| SyncSupported         | TRUE<br>FALSE  | TRUE          | <b>TRUE</b> = sync mode, that supports the sync command, enable                             |
| FreezeSupported       | TRUE<br>FALSE  | TRUE          | TRUE = freeze mode, that supports the freeze command, enable                                |
| NoAddrChangeSupported | TRUE<br>FALSE  | TRUE          | <b>TRUE</b> = blocks a PROFIBUS master from changing the address                            |

# Input / Output Devices Objects

### Introduction

To exchange data between the controller and a PROFIBUS master, it is important to understand the role of the TM4PDPS1 module.

The TM4PDPS1 module is an intermediate between the PROFIBUS master and the controller, and data is exchanged by using virtual I/O devices that you define when configuring the TM4PDPS1 module. The virtual devices are not physical I/O modules, but are logical input and output objects within the TM4PDPS1 module that you can then map to memory within the controller. These input and output objects are read from and written to by the PROFIBUS master. In turn, the module reads and writes this data to I/O memory locations in the controller so that you can use the data within your application program.

# Virtual I/O Devices

The virtual I/O devices you define within the TM4PDPS1 module can be either input or output, and can vary in size as defined by the table:

| Name                        | Number of I/O | Format |
|-----------------------------|---------------|--------|
| 12 word input (0x5B)        | 12            | word   |
| 12 word output (0x6B)       | 12            | word   |
| 16 byte input (0x1F)        | 16            | byte   |
| 16 byte output (0x2F)       | 16            | byte   |
| 2 byte input (0x11)         | 2             | byte   |
| 2 byte output (0x21)        | 2             | byte   |
| 2 word input (0x51)         | 2             | word   |
| 2 word output (0x61)        | 2             | word   |
| 20 word input (0x40, 0x53)  | 20            | word   |
| 20 word output (0x80, 0x53) | 20            | word   |
| 32 word input (0x40, 0x5F)  | 32            | word   |
| 32 word output (0x80, 0x5F) | 32            | word   |
| 4 word input (0x53)         | 4             | word   |
| 4 word output (0x63)        | 4             | word   |
| 8 byte input (0x17)         | 8             | byte   |
| 8 byte output (0x27)        | 8             | byte   |
| 8 word input (0x57)         | 8             | word   |
| 8 word output (0x67)        | 8             | word   |

Once you have defined these virtual input and/or output devices within the TM4PDPS1 expansion module, you can then map these devices to memory locations within the controller. The type of memory objects you map these virtual I/O devices to depends on the type of exchange you define between the master and the slave.

# Section 3.2 Data Exchange

# Introduction

This section provides further information on the exchange of data between the TM4PDPS1 module and the PROFIBUS master.

# What Is in This Section?

This section contains the following topics:

| Topic   | Page |
|---|------|
| I/O Cyclic Exchange                           | 88   |
| Acyclic Exchange with PROFIBUS DPV1 Functions | 91   |

# I/O Cyclic Exchange

### Introduction

In order to exchange input / output data between the PROFIBUS DP slave module and the PROFIBUS master in a cyclic way, define the variables in the **Profibus-Modules I/O Mapping** tab.

The %IW addresses of the controller are the output values supplied by the PROFIBUS DP master.

The %OW addresses of the controller are applied to the input of the PROFIBUS DP master.

### NOTE:

When you use the PROFIBUS module TM4PDPS1, it is mandatory to:

- configure a dedicated PROFIBUS task without watchdog (do not use the MAST task)
- assign the dedicated PROFIBUS task a lower priority than the MAST task (for example, if the MAST task has a priority value 1, the TaskProfibus must have a priority value 10.)
- not set the PROFIBUS task cycle time faster than 10 ms. The typical cycle time of the bus cycle task is 10 ms.

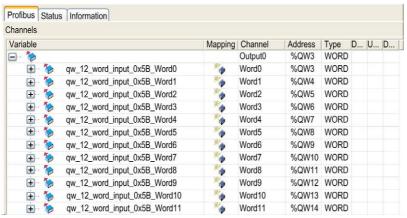
For more information about PROFIBUS task configuration, refer to the EcoStruxure Machine Expert online help, chapter *Programming with EcoStruxure Machine Expert / Device Editors / ProfibusDP Configuration Editor / ProfibusDP bus cycle task.* 

# Create Your I/O Mapping Table for the TM4PDPS1 PROFIBUS DP Slave Module

To create your I/O mapping table for the TM4PDPS1, proceed as follows:

| Step | Action  |
|------|---|
| 1    | Select the <b>Devices &amp; Modules</b> tab in the <b>Hardware Catalog</b> and click <b>Communication</b> .   |
| 2    | Select <b>Profibus</b> → <b>Master</b> , choose the I/O device to add and drag-and-drop it onto TM4PDPS1. <b>Result:</b> The module is added to <b>My Controller</b> → <b>COM_Bus</b> → <b>TM4PDPS1</b> area of the <b>Devices tree</b> . |

The variables for the exchange are automatically created in the %IWx and %QWx of the **Profibus I/O Mapping** tab. Double-click the I/O device you added to access this screen.



# Configure a Virtual I/O Device Added to the TM4PDPS1 Module

The tabs of the configuration window are described in the table below:

The configuration window contains the following tabs:

| Tab Name             | Description   |
|----------------------|---|
| Profibus I/O Mapping | This tab contains the variables for data exchange.                            |
| Status               | This tab provides diagnostic information (see page 93).                       |
| Information          | This tab provides further information on the selected input or output module. |

# PROFIBUS Virtual I/O Behavior

The table describes the status of the PROFIBUS I/O depending on:

- the controller status
- the PROFIBUS communication state (value of **PROFIBUS\_R.i\_CommState** of **PLCSystem** library)

| Controller State | Controller PROFIBUS I/O State  |
|------------------|--|
| STOPPED          | The %QW addresses are managed as it is configured in the <b>PLC Settings</b> tab of the controller configuration screen.  The %IW addresses are managed as it is configured in the <b>PLC Settings</b> tab of the controller configuration screen. |
| RUNNING          | The %IW addresses are updated by the master. The %QW addresses are sent to the master.   |
| HALT             | The %QW addresses are managed as it is configured in the <b>PLC Settings</b> tab of the controller configuration screen.  The %IW addresses keep the last correct value sent by the master.  |

| Communication Status       | Value of PROFIBUS_R.i_CommState | Controller PROFIBUS I/O State  |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| PROFIBUS Master is stopped | 4 (Operate mode)                | The %IW addresses are set to 0 by the master. The %QW addresses are sent to the master.                          |
| Watchdog is detected       | 2 (Stop)                        | The %QW addresses are not sent to the master.  The %IW addresses keep the last correct value sent by the master. |

# Acyclic Exchange with PROFIBUS DPV1 Functions

### Introduction

The PROFIBUS DPV1 enhancement additionally supports acyclic data exchange between a PROFIBUS DPV1 master and DPV1 slaves. It allows access to %MW variables.

To use these functions between a PROFIBUS DPV1 master and the TM4PDPS1 module, the parameter **DPV1Enable** must be set to TRUE (default value) (see page 84).

# **Data Addressing**

Data addressing in the logic controller is %MW.

The **Profibus status** of the controller must be in **Operate** state; therefore it can be updated even if the logic controller is not running.

The %MW variables are automatically updated by the I/O driver whenever a DPV1 message is received.

It is based on PROFIBUS DPV1 read and write functions.

The logic address is the number of the %MW addressed.

# Addressing

2 different types of addressing are available for acyclic exchange:

| Addressing Type     | Number of Requests for Read/Write %MW Variables | Description   |
|---------------------|---|---|
| Direct addressing   | 1   | The address of the %MW variable is coded directly by <b>Slot</b> and <b>Index</b> fields. See restrictions in the note below.   |
| Indirect addressing | 2   | <ul> <li>The first request sends the address of the first %MW that the master will read or write.</li> <li>The second request reads or writes one or several values of the %MW variable.</li> </ul> |

### NOTE:

The following restrictions apply to direct addressing:

• Slot field (DU1): value 0xFF is not allowed

Index field (DU2): values 0xFF, 0xE9, and 0xEA are not allowed

The table shows how to create requests for accessing the %MW from the PROFIBUS DPV1 master:

| Addressing          |                          | DU0: DPV1<br>Function Number | DU1: Slot              | DU2: Index             | DU3: Length (in Bytes) | DPV1 Data<br>Frame |
|---------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|
|                     |                          | 1 Byte                       | 1 Byte                 | 1 Byte                 | 1 Byte                 | N Byte             |
| Direct addressing   | Write                    | 5F hex (write)               | MSB of the %MW address | LSB of the %MW address | Length to read         | Values to write    |
|                     | Read                     | 5E hex (read)                | MSB of the %MW address | LSB of the %MW address | Length to write        | -                  |
| Indirect addressing | Send address<br>(Step 1) | 5F hex (write)               | 1                      | E9 hex                 | 2                      | %MW address        |
|                     | Read (Step 2)            | 5E hex (read)                | 1                      | EA hex                 | Length to read         | -                  |
|                     | Write (Step 2)           | 5F hex (write)               | 1                      | EA hex                 | Length to write        | Values to write    |

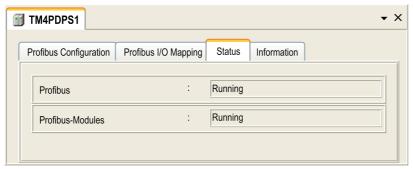
NOTE: The Length field has to have an even value (the length in byte of one %MW is 2).

# Section 3.3 Diagnostic

# **Diagnostic Information**

# **Displaying General Diagnostics Data**

To display general diagnostic data, open the **Status** tab of the TM4PDPS1 configuration window.



# Monitoring the Status of the TM4PDPS1 Module

You can monitor the status of the TM4PDPS1 module with the PROFIBUS\_R system data type described in the M241 Controller PLCSystem Library Guide or M251 Controller PLCSystem Library Guide depending on your controller.

# **Fallback Management**

When there is a PROFIBUS communication interruption (i\_CommState=0), the outputs of the TM4PDPS1 are maintained to the last state transmitted by the PROFIBUS master.

The Fail Safe Mode as defined by the PROFIBUS DP standard is not supported by the TM4PDPS1 module.

# **Messages on Detected Errors**

Use  $i\_\texttt{CommError}$  of the PROFIBUS\_R system data type to visualize the detected error displayed. No error has been detected:

| Name    | Value | Meaning            |
|---------|-------|--------------------|
| SUCCESS | 0 hex | No error detected. |

# Runtime error has been detected:

| Name             | Value        | Meaning                              |
|------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|
| WATCHDOG_TIMEOUT | C000000C hex | The watchdog time has been exceeded. |

# Initialization errors have been detected:

| Name                   | Value        | Meaning                                   |  |
|------------------------|--------------|---|--|
| INIT_FAULT             | C0000100 hex | The initialization was not successful.    |  |
| DATABASE_ACCESS_FAILED | C0000101 hex | Access to data memory was not successful. |  |

# Configuration errors have been detected:

| Name                    | Value        | Meaning                                    |  |
|-------------------------|--------------|--|--|
| NOT_CONFIGURED          | C0000119 hex | The TM4PDPS1 PCI module is not configured. |  |
| CONFIGURATION_FAULT     | C0000120 hex | A configuration error has been detected.   |  |
| INCONSISTENT_DATA_SET   | C0000121 hex | Inconsistent set data have been detected.  |  |
| DATA_SET_MISMATCH       | C0000122 hex | A mismatch of set data has been detected.  |  |
| INSUFFICIENT_LICENSE    | C0000123 hex | An insufficient license has been detected. |  |
| PARAMETER_ERROR         | C0000124 hex | A parameter error has been detected.       |  |
| INVALID_NETWORK_ADDRESS | C0000125 hex | The network address is not correct.        |  |
| SECURITY_MEMORY         | C0000126 hex | The security memory is not available.      |  |

# Network errors have been detected:

| Name                        | Value        | Meaning   |
|-----------------------------|--------------|---|
| COMM_NETWORK_FAULT          | C0000140 hex | A network communication error has been detected.      |
| COMM_CONNECTION_CLOSED      | C0000141 hex | The communication connection has been closed.         |
| COMM_CONNECTION_TIMEOUT     | C0000142 hex | A communication connection timeout has been detected. |
| COMM_DUPLICATE_NODE         | C0000144 hex | A duplicate node has been detected.                   |
| COMM_CABLE_DISCONNECT       | C0000145 hex | A disconnected cable has been detected.               |
| PROFIBUS_CONNECTION_TIMEOUT | C009002E hex | A PROFIBUS connection timeout has been detected.      |

# Glossary



# A

### **ARP**

(address resolution protocol) An IP network layer protocol for Ethernet that maps an IP address to a MAC (hardware) address.

# В

### BOOTP

(bootstrap protocol) A UDP network protocol that can be used by a network client to automatically obtain an IP address (and possibly other data) from a server. The client identifies itself to the server using the client MAC address. The server, which maintains a pre-configured table of client device MAC addresses and associated IP addresses, sends the client its pre-configured IP address. BOOTP was originally used as a method that enabled diskless hosts to be remotely booted over a network. The BOOTP process assigns an infinite lease of an IP address. The BOOTP service utilizes UDP ports 67 and 68.

# C

### configuration

The arrangement and interconnection of hardware components within a system and the hardware and software parameters that determine the operating characteristics of the system.

### control network

A network containing logic controllers, SCADA systems, PCs, HMI, switches, ...

Two kinds of topologies are supported:

- flat: all modules and devices in this network belong to same subnet.
- 2 levels: the network is split into an operation network and an inter-controller network.

These two networks can be physically independent, but are generally linked by a routing device.

# D

### device network

A network that contains devices connected to a specific communication port of a logic controller. This controller is seen as a master from the devices point of view.

# **DHCP**

(dynamic host configuration protocol) An advanced extension of BOOTP. DHCP is more advanced, but both DHCP and BOOTP are common. (DHCP can handle BOOTP client requests.)

### DNS

(domain name system) The naming system for computers and devices connected to a LAN or the Internet.

# E

# **EDS**

(*electronic data sheet*) A file for fieldbus device description that contains, for example, the properties of a device such as parameters and settings.

# EtherNet/IP

(*Ethernet industrial protocol*) An open communications protocol for manufacturing automation solutions in industrial systems. EtherNet/IP is in a family of networks that implement the common industrial protocol at its upper layers. The supporting organization (ODVA) specifies EtherNet/IP to accomplish global adaptability and media independence.

# F

# **FTP**

(file transfer protocol) A standard network protocol built on a client-server architecture to exchange and manipulate files over TCP/IP based networks regardless of their size.

# ۱

### **ICMP**

(Internet control message protocol) Reports errors detected and provides information related to datagram processing.

### IP

(Internet protocol Part of the TCP/IP protocol family that tracks the Internet addresses of devices, routes outgoing messages, and recognizes incoming messages.

# L

### **LSB**

(*least significant bit/byte*) The part of a number, address, or field that is written as the right-most single value in conventional hexadecimal or binary notation.

# M

### MAC address

(*media access control address*) A unique 48-bit number associated with a specific piece of hardware. The MAC address is programmed into each network card or device when it is manufactured.

### **MIB**

(*management information base*) An object database that is monitored by a network management system like SNMP. SNMP monitors devices are defined by their MIBs. Schneider Electric has obtained a private MIB, groupeschneider (3833).

### **MSB**

(most significant bit/byte The part of a number, address, or field that is written as the left-most single value in conventional hexadecimal or binary notation.

# N

### node

An addressable device on a communication network.

# P

### **Profibus DP**

(*Profibus decentralized peripheral*) An open bus system uses an electrical network based on a shielded 2-wire line or an optical network based on a fiber-optic cable. DP transmission allows for high-speed, cyclic exchange of data between the controller CPU and the distributed I/O devices.

### protocol

A convention or standard definition that controls or enables the connection, communication, and data transfer between 2 computing system and devices.

# R

# **RPI**

(requested packet interval) The time period between cyclic data exchanges requested by the scanner. EtherNet/IP devices publish data at the rate specified by the RPI assigned to them by the scanner, and they receive message requests from the scanner with a period equal to RPI.

S

### **SNMP**

(simple network management protocol) A protocol that can control a network remotely by polling the devices for their status and viewing information related to data transmission. You can also use it to manage software and databases remotely. The protocol also permits active management tasks, such as modifying and applying a new configuration.

Т

# **TCP**

(*transmission control protocol*) A connection-based transport layer protocol that provides a simultaneous bi-directional transmission of data. TCP is part of the TCP/IP protocol suite.

U

# **UDP**

(user datagram protocol) A connectionless mode protocol (defined by IETF RFC 768) in which messages are delivered in a datagram (data telegram) to a destination computer on an IP network. The UDP protocol is typically bundled with the Internet protocol. UDP/IP messages do not expect a response, and are therefore ideal for applications in which dropped packets do not require retransmission (such as streaming video and networks that demand real-time performance).

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# Modicon TM4 Expansion Modules Hardware Guide

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As part of a group of responsible, inclusive companies, we are updating our communications that contain non-inclusive terminology. Until we complete this process, however, our content may still contain standardized industry terms that may be deemed inappropriate by our customers.

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Safety Information Expansion Modules

# **Safety Information**

# **Important Information**

Read these instructions carefully, and look at the equipment to become familiar with the device before trying to install, operate, service, or maintain it. The following special messages may appear throughout this documentation or on the equipment to warn of potential hazards or to call attention to information that clarifies or simplifies a procedure.



The addition of this symbol to a "Danger" or "Warning" safety label indicates that an electrical hazard exists which will result in personal injury if the instructions are not followed.



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

# **A** DANGER

**DANGER** indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

# WARNING

**WARNING** indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **could result in** death or serious injury.

# **A** CAUTION

**CAUTION** indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **could result** in minor or moderate injury.

# NOTICE

NOTICE is used to address practices not related to physical injury.

# **Please Note**

Electrical equipment should be installed, operated, serviced, and maintained only by qualified personnel. No responsibility is assumed by Schneider Electric for any consequences arising out of the use of this material.

A qualified person is one who has skills and knowledge related to the construction and operation of electrical equipment and its installation, and has received safety training to recognize and avoid the hazards involved.

# QUALIFICATION OF PERSONNEL

Only appropriately trained persons who are familiar with and understand the contents of this manual and all other pertinent product documentation are authorized to work on and with this product.

The qualified person must be able to detect possible hazards that may arise from parameterization, modifying parameter values and generally from mechanical, electrical, or electronic equipment. The qualified person must be familiar with the standards, provisions, and regulations for the prevention of industrial accidents, which they must observe when designing and implementing the system.

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Expansion Modules Safety Information

# INTENDED USE

The products described or affected by this document, together with software, accessories, and options, are expansion modules, intended for industrial use according to the instructions, directions, examples, and safety information contained in the present document and other supporting documentation.

The product may only be used in compliance with all applicable safety regulations and directives, the specified requirements, and the technical data.

Prior to using the product, you must perform a risk assessment in view of the planned application. Based on the results, the appropriate safety-related measures must be implemented.

Since the product is used as a component in an overall machine or process, you must ensure the safety of persons by means of the design of this overall system.

Operate the product only with the specified cables and accessories. Use only genuine accessories and spare parts.

Any use other than the use explicitly permitted is prohibited and can result in unanticipated hazards.

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About the Book Expansion Modules

## **About the Book**

## **Document Scope**

This guide describes the hardware implementation of TM4 expansion modules. It provides the parts description, characteristics, wiring diagrams, and installation details for TM4 expansion modules.

## **Validity Note**

This document has been updated for the release of EcoStruxure™ Machine Expert V2.0.2.

The technical characteristics of the devices described in the present document also appear online. To access the information online, go to the Schneider Electric home page www.se.com/ww/en/download/.

The characteristics that are described in the present document should be the same as those characteristics that appear online. In line with our policy of constant improvement, we may revise content over time to improve clarity and accuracy. If you see a difference between the document and online information, use the online information as your reference.

### **Related Documents**

| Title of Documentation                      | Reference Number    |  |
|---|---------------------|--|
| Modicon TM4 Expansion Modules Configuration | EIO000003149 (ENG)  |  |
| - Programming Guide                         | EIO000003150 (FRA)  |  |
|   | EIO0000003151 (GER) |  |
|   | EIO0000003152 (SPA) |  |
|   | EIO000003153 (ITA)  |  |
|   | EIO0000003154 (CHS) |  |
| Modicon M241 Logic Controller - Hardware    | EIO000003083 (ENG)  |  |
| Guide                                       | EIO000003084 (FRA)  |  |
|   | EIO000003085 (GER)  |  |
|   | EIO0000003086 (SPA) |  |
|   | EIO000003087 (ITA)  |  |
|   | EIO000003088 (CHS)  |  |
| Modicon M251 Logic Controller - Hardware    | EIO000003101 (ENG)  |  |
| Guide                                       | EIO0000003102 (FRA) |  |
|   | EIO0000003103 (GER) |  |
|   | EIO0000003104 (SPA) |  |
|   | EIO000003105 (ITA)  |  |
|   | EIO0000003106 (CHS) |  |
| TM4 Expansion Modules - Instruction sheet   | EAV47886            |  |

You can download these technical publications and other technical information from our website at  ${\tt www.se.com/ww/en/download/}$  .

Expansion Modules About the Book

## **Product Related Information**

## **AADANGER**

#### HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

- Disconnect all power from all equipment including connected devices prior to removing any covers or doors, or installing or removing any accessories, hardware, cables, or wires except under the specific conditions specified in the appropriate hardware guide for this equipment.
- Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm the power is off where and when indicated.
- Replace and secure all covers, accessories, hardware, cables, and wires and confirm that a proper ground connection exists before applying power to the unit.
- Use only the specified voltage when operating this equipment and any associated products.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

## **ADANGER**

#### POTENTIAL FOR EXPLOSION

- Only use this equipment in non-hazardous locations, or in locations that comply with Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C and D.
- Do not substitute components which would impair compliance to Class I, Division 2.
- Do not connect or disconnect equipment unless power has been removed or the location is known to be non-hazardous.
- Do not use the USB port(s), if so equipped, unless the location is known to be non-hazardous.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

## **AWARNING**

#### LOSS OF CONTROL

- The designer of any control scheme must consider the potential failure modes of control paths and, for certain critical control functions, provide a means to achieve a safe state during and after a path failure. Examples of critical control functions are emergency stop and overtravel stop, power outage and restart.
- Separate or redundant control paths must be provided for critical control functions
- System control paths may include communication links. Consideration must be given to the implications of unanticipated transmission delays or failures of the link.
- Observe all accident prevention regulations and local safety guidelines.<sup>1</sup>
- Each implementation of this equipment must be individually and thoroughly tested for proper operation before being placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

<sup>1</sup> For additional information, refer to NEMA ICS 1.1 (latest edition), "Safety Guidelines for the Application, Installation, and Maintenance of Solid State Control" and to NEMA ICS 7.1 (latest edition), "Safety Standards for Construction and Guide for Selection, Installation and Operation of Adjustable-Speed Drive Systems" or their equivalent governing your particular location.

About the Book Expansion Modules

## **AWARNING**

#### **UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION**

- Only use software approved by Schneider Electric for use with this equipment.
- Update your application program every time you change the physical hardware configuration.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

## **Terminology Derived from Standards**

The technical terms, terminology, symbols and the corresponding descriptions in this manual, or that appear in or on the products themselves, are generally derived from the terms or definitions of international standards.

In the area of functional safety systems, drives and general automation, this may include, but is not limited to, terms such as *safety*, *safety function*, *safe state*, *fault*, *fault reset*, *malfunction*, *failure*, *error*, *error message*, *dangerous*, etc.

Among others, these standards include:

| Standard         | Description   |  |
|------------------|---|--|
| IEC 61131-2:2007 | Programmable controllers, part 2: Equipment requirements and tests.   |  |
| ISO 13849-1:2015 | Safety of machinery: Safety related parts of control systems.   |  |
|                  | General principles for design.  |  |
| EN 61496-1:2013  | Safety of machinery: Electro-sensitive protective equipment.  |  |
|                  | Part 1: General requirements and tests.   |  |
| ISO 12100:2010   | Safety of machinery - General principles for design - Risk assessment and risk reduction  |  |
| EN 60204-1:2006  | Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines - Part 1: General requirements   |  |
| ISO 14119:2013   | Safety of machinery - Interlocking devices associated with guards - Principles for design and selection   |  |
| ISO 13850:2015   | Safety of machinery - Emergency stop - Principles for design  |  |
| IEC 62061:2015   | Safety of machinery - Functional safety of safety-related electrical, electronic, and electronic programmable control systems   |  |
| IEC 61508-1:2010 | Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems: General requirements.  |  |
| IEC 61508-2:2010 | Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems: Requirements for electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems. |  |
| IEC 61508-3:2010 | Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems: Software requirements.   |  |
| IEC 61784-3:2016 | Industrial communication networks - Profiles - Part 3: Functional safety fieldbuses - General rules and profile definitions.  |  |
| 2006/42/EC       | Machinery Directive   |  |
| 2014/30/EU       | Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive   |  |
| 2014/35/EU       | Low Voltage Directive   |  |

In addition, terms used in the present document may tangentially be used as they are derived from other standards such as:

Expansion Modules About the Book

| Standard         | Description  |  |
|------------------|--|--|
| IEC 60034 series | Rotating electrical machines   |  |
| IEC 61800 series | Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems  |  |
| IEC 61158 series | Digital data communications for measurement and control – Fieldbus for use in industrial control systems |  |

Finally, the term zone of operation may be used in conjunction with the description of specific hazards, and is defined as it is for a hazard zone or danger zone in the Machinery Directive (2006/42/EC) and ISO 12100:2010.

**NOTE:** The aforementioned standards may or may not apply to the specific products cited in the present documentation. For more information concerning the individual standards applicable to the products described herein, see the characteristics tables for those product references.

## **TM4 General Overview**

### **What's in This Part**

| TM4 Description  | 12 |
|------------------|----|
| TM4 Installation |    |

Expansion Modules TM4 Description

## **TM4 Description**

#### What's in This Chapter

| General Description                 | . 1 | 2 |
|-------------------------------------|-----|---|
| TM4 Expansion Modules Compatibility | . 1 | 2 |

## **General Description**

## **TM4 Expansion Modules**

The following table shows the TM4 expansion module features:

| Module reference  | Туре                            | Terminal type  |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| TM4ES4, page 28   | Ethernet communication          | 4 RJ45 connectors  1 screw for functional ground connection              |
| TM4PDPS1, page 34 | PROFIBUS DP slave communication | 1 SUB-D 9 pins female connector 1 screw for functional ground connection |

**NOTE:** The TM4ES4 module has two applications: expansion or standalone. For more information, refer to TM4 Compatibility, page 12.

#### **Accessories**

| Reference    | Description            | Use   | Quantity |
|--------------|------------------------|---|----------|
| NSYTRAAB35   | End brackets           | Blocks the logic controller and expansion modules on a DIN rail.  | 1        |
| TM2XMTGB     | Grounding Bar          | Connects the cable shield and the module to the functional ground | 1        |
| TM200RSRCEMC | Shielding take-up clip | Mounts and connects the ground to the cable shielding.            | 25 pack  |

#### **Cables**

Use one of the cables to connect a TM4ES4 module to your system:

| Reference          | Description             | Use               | Certified |
|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| 490NTW000••        | Standard Ethernet cable | Connection to DTE | EC        |
| 490NTW000••U       | Shielded twisted pair   |                   | UL        |
|                    | 2 RJ45 connectors       |                   |           |
| TCSE-<br>CE3M3M•S4 | Rugged Ethernet cable   |                   | EC        |
| CESIVISIVI•S4      | Shielded twisted pair   |                   |           |
| TCSE-              | Officiaca (wiotea pail  |                   | UL        |
| CU3M3M•S4          | 2 RJ45 connectors       |                   |           |

## **TM4 Expansion Modules Compatibility**

#### Introduction

This section describes the compatibility of TM4 expansion modules with controllers.

TM4 Description Expansion Modules

The TM4 bus supports up to 3 expansion modules. You can mix both Profibus DP (TM4PDPS1) and Ethernet (TM4ES4) expansion modules to the limit of 3 expansions.

#### **TM4ES4 Ethernet Module Compatibility**

The TM4ES4 module has 2 applications:

• **Expansion**: addition of an Ethernet interface to extend the number of Ethernet ports for a controller,

**NOTE:** If more than 1 TM4ES4 module is installed on the controller, the one closest to the controller is used as **expansion**.

• **Standalone**: Ethernet switch (only getting its power supply from the controller).

The table shows the TM4ES4 Ethernet module compatibility with controllers:

| Controller Reference | Expansion Usage<br>Supported | Standalone Usage<br>Supported | Maximum Number of TM4ES4<br>Modules |
|----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| TM241C24R            | Yes                          | Yes                           | 1 expansion + 2 standalone          |
|                      |                              |                               | OR                                  |
|                      |                              |                               | 3 standalone                        |
| TM241CE24R           | Yes                          | Yes                           | 1 expansion + 2 standalone          |
|                      |                              |                               | OR                                  |
|                      |                              |                               | 3 standalone                        |
| TM241CEC24R          | Yes                          | Yes                           | 1 expansion + 2 standalone          |
|                      |                              |                               | OR                                  |
|                      |                              |                               | 3 standalone                        |
| TM241C24T            | Yes                          | Yes                           | 1 expansion + 2 standalone          |
|                      |                              |                               | OR                                  |
|                      |                              |                               | 3 standalone                        |
| TM241CE24T           | Yes                          | Yes                           | 1 expansion + 2 standalone          |
|                      |                              |                               | OR                                  |
|                      |                              |                               | 3 standalone                        |
| TM241CEC24T          | Yes                          | Yes                           | 1 expansion + 2 standalone          |
|                      |                              |                               | OR                                  |
|                      |                              |                               | 3 standalone                        |
| TM241C24U            | Yes                          | Yes                           | 1 expansion + 2 standalone          |
|                      |                              |                               | OR                                  |
|                      |                              |                               | 3 standalone                        |
| TM241CE24U           | Yes                          | Yes                           | 1 expansion + 2 standalone          |
|                      |                              |                               | OR                                  |
|                      |                              |                               | 3 standalone                        |
| TM241CEC24U          | Yes                          | Yes                           | 1 expansion + 2 standalone          |
|                      |                              |                               | OR                                  |
|                      |                              |                               | 3 standalone                        |
| TM241C40R            | Yes                          | Yes                           | 1 expansion + 2 standalone          |
|                      |                              |                               | OR                                  |
|                      |                              |                               | 3 standalone                        |

Expansion Modules TM4 Description

| Controller Reference | Expansion Usage<br>Supported | Standalone Usage<br>Supported | Maximum Number of TM4ES4 Modules |
|----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| TM241CE40R           | Yes                          | Yes                           | 1 expansion + 2 standalone       |
|                      |                              |                               | OR                               |
|                      |                              |                               | 3 standalone                     |
| TM241C40T            | Yes                          | Yes                           | 1 expansion + 2 standalone       |
|                      |                              |                               | OR                               |
|                      |                              |                               | 3 standalone                     |
| TM241CE40T           | Yes                          | Yes                           | 1 expansion + 2 standalone       |
|                      |                              |                               | OR                               |
|                      |                              |                               | 3 standalone                     |
| TM241C40U            | Yes                          | Yes                           | 1 expansion + 2 standalone       |
|                      |                              |                               | OR                               |
|                      |                              |                               | 3 standalone                     |
| TM241CE40U           | Yes                          | Yes                           | 1 expansion + 2 standalone       |
|                      |                              |                               | OR                               |
|                      |                              |                               | 3 standalone                     |
| TM251MESC            | No                           | Yes                           | 3 standalone                     |
| TM251MESE            | No                           | Yes                           | 3 standalone                     |

## **TM4PDPS1 PROFIBUS DP Expansion Module Compatibility**

The TM4PDPS1 module is compatible with M241 and M251 controllers.

One TM4PDPS1 module can be added per controller.

TM4 Installation Expansion Modules

## TM4 Installation

#### What's in This Chapter

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|------------------------------------|----|
| TM4 Expansion Module Installation  |    |
| TM4 Electrical Requirements        | 24 |

## TM4 General Rules for Implementing

#### **Environmental Characteristics**

#### **Enclosure Requirements**

TM4 expansion module components are designed as Zone B, Class A industrial equipment according to IEC/CISPR Publication 11. If they are used in environments other than those described in these standards, or in environments that do not meet the specifications in this manual the ability to meet electromagnetic compatibility requirements in the presence of conducted and/or radiated interference may be reduced.

All TM4 expansion module components meet European Community (CE) requirements for open equipment as defined by IEC/EN 61131-2. You must install them in an enclosure designed for the specific environmental conditions and to minimize the possibility of unintended contact with hazardous voltages. Use metal enclosures to improve the electromagnetic immunity of your TM4 expansion module components. Use enclosures with a keyed locking mechanism to minimize unauthorized access.

#### **Environmental Characteristics**

All the TM4 expansion module components are electrically isolated between the internal electronic circuit and the input/output channels. This equipment meets CE requirements as indicated in the table below. This equipment is intended for use in a Pollution Degree 2 industrial environment.

## **AWARNING**

#### **UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION**

Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

The following table shows the general environmental characteristics:

| Characteristic                | Minimum<br>Specification                 | Tested Range            |                         |
|-------------------------------|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Standard compliance           | IEC/EN 61131-2<br>IEC/EN 61010-2-<br>201 | _                       |                         |
| Ambient operating temperature | -  | Horizontal installation | –1055 °C (14131 °F)     |
|                               | _  | Vertical installation   | –1035 °C (1495 °F)      |
| Storage temperature           | -  | –2570 °C (- 13158 °F)   |                         |
| Relative humidity             | _  | Transport and storage   | 1095 % (non-condensing) |
|                               |  | Operation               | 1095 % (non-condensing) |
| Degree of pollution           | IEC/EN 60664-1                           | 2                       |                         |

Expansion Modules TM4 Installation

| Characteristic              | Minimum<br>Specification | Tested Range  |  |  |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| Degree of protection        | IEC/EN 61131-2           | IP20  |  |  |
| Corrosion immunity          | _                        | Atmosphere free from c  | orrosive gases   |  |
| Operating altitude          | -                        | 02000 m (06560 ft)  | 02000 m (06560 ft)   |  |
| Storage altitude            | -                        | 03000 m (09843 ft)  |  |  |
| Vibration resistance        | IEC/EN 61131-2           | Panel mounting or<br>mounted on a top hat<br>section rail (DIN rail)                          | 3.5 mm (0.13 in) fixed amplitude from 58.4 Hz  9.8 m/s² (32.15 ft/s²) (1 g <sub>n</sub> ) fixed acceleration from 8.4150 Hz  10 mm (0.39 in) fixed amplitude from 58.7 Hz  29.4 m/s² (96.45 ft/s²) (3 g <sub>n</sub> ) fixed acceleration from 8.7150 Hz |  |
| Mechanical shock resistance | _                        | 147 m/s <sup>2</sup> or 482.28 ft/s <sup>2</sup> (15 g <sub>n</sub> ) for a duration of 11 ms |  |  |

**NOTE:** The tested ranges may indicate values beyond that of the IEC Standard. However, our internal standards define what is necessary for industrial environments. In all cases, we uphold the minimum specification if indicated.

## **Electromagnetic Susceptibility**

The TM4 expansion module components meets electromagnetic susceptibility specifications as indicated in the following table:

| Characteristic                 | Minimum Specification                      | Tested Range  |                        |                 |
|--------------------------------|--|---|------------------------|-----------------|
| Electrostatic discharge        | IEC/EN 61000-4-2                           | 8 kV (air discharge)  | 8 kV (air discharge)   |                 |
|                                |  | 6 kV (contact discharg  | je)                    |                 |
| Radiated electromagnetic field | IEC/EN 61000-4-3                           | 10 V/m (801000 MH   | 10 V/m (801000 MHz)    |                 |
|                                |  | 3 V/m (1.42 GHz)  |                        |                 |
|                                |  | 1 V/m (22.7 GHz)  |                        |                 |
| Magnetic field                 | IEC/EN 61000-4-8                           | 30 A/m 50 Hz, 60 Hz   |                        |                 |
| Fast transients burst          | IEC/EN 61000-4-4                           | -   | CM <sup>1</sup> and DM | <b>M</b> 2      |
|                                |  | AC/DC Power lines   | 1 kV                   |                 |
|                                |  | Communication line  | 1 kV                   |                 |
| Surge immunity                 | IEC/EN 61000-4-5                           | _   | CM <sup>1</sup>        | DM <sup>2</sup> |
|                                | IEC/EN 61131-2                             | DC Power lines  | 1 kV                   | 0.5 kV          |
|                                |  | Shielded cable (between shield and ground)  | 1 kV                   | -               |
| Induced electromagnetic field  | IEC/EN 61000-4-6                           | 10 Vrms (0.1580 MF  | lz)                    |                 |
| Conducted emission             | IEC/EN 55011 (IEC/CISPR<br>Publication 11) | AC power line:  • 0.150.5 MHz: 79 dBμV/m QP / 66 dBμV/m AV  • 0.5300 MHz: 73 dBμV/m QP / 60 dBμV/m AV |                        | ·               |
|                                |  | AC/DC power line:  10150 kHz: 12  1501500 kHz:  1.530 MHz: 63   | 7963 dBµV/ı            |                 |

TM4 Installation Expansion Modules

| Characteristic    | Minimum Specification                      | Tested Range  |  |
|-------------------|--|---|--|
| Radiated emission | IEC/EN 55011 (IEC/CISPR<br>Publication 11) | Class A, 10 m distance:  • 30230 MHz: 40 dBμV/m QP  • 2301000 MHz: 47 dBμV/m QP |  |
|                   |  |   |  |

#### 1 Common Mode

2 Differential Mode

**NOTE:** The tested ranges may indicate values beyond that of the IEC Standard. However, our internal standards define what is necessary for industrial environments. In all cases, we uphold the minimum specification if indicated.

#### **Certifications and Standards**

#### Introduction

The TM4 expansion modules are designed to conform to the main national and international standards concerning electronic industrial control devices:

- IEC/EN 61131-2
- UL 508

The TM4 expansion modules have obtained the following conformity marks:

- CE
- cULus
- CSA

For product compliance and environmental information (RoHS, REACH, PEP, EOLI, etc.), go to www.se.com/green-premium.

## **TM4 Expansion Module Installation**

#### **Installation and Maintenance Requirements**

#### **Before Starting**

Read and understand this chapter before beginning the installation of your system.

The use and application of the information contained herein require expertise in the design and programming of automated control systems. Only you, the user, machine builder or integrator, can be aware of all the conditions and factors present during installation and setup, operation, and maintenance of the machine or process, and can therefore determine the automation and associated equipment and the related safeties and interlocks which can be effectively and properly used. When selecting automation and control equipment, and any other related equipment or software, for a particular application, you must also consider any applicable local, regional or national standards and/or regulations.

Pay particular attention in conforming to any safety information, different electrical requirements, and normative standards that would apply to your machine or process in the use of this equipment.

#### **Disconnecting Power**

All options and modules should be assembled and installed before installing the control system on a mounting rail, onto a mounting plate or in a panel. Remove the control system from its mounting rail, mounting plate or panel before disassembling the equipment.

Expansion Modules TM4 Installation

## AADANGER

#### HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

- Disconnect all power from all equipment including connected devices prior to removing any covers or doors, or installing or removing any accessories, hardware, cables, or wires except under the specific conditions specified in the appropriate hardware guide for this equipment.
- Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm the power is off where and when indicated.
- Replace and secure all covers, accessories, hardware, cables, and wires and confirm that a proper ground connection exists before applying power to the unit.
- Use only the specified voltage when operating this equipment and any associated products.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

#### **Programming Considerations**

## **AWARNING**

#### **UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION**

- Only use software approved by Schneider Electric for use with this equipment.
- Update your application program every time you change the physical hardware configuration.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

#### **Operating Environment**

In addition to the **Environmental Characteristics**, refer to **Product Related Information** in the beginning of the present document for important information regarding installation in hazardous locations for this specific equipment.

## **AWARNING**

#### **UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION**

Install and operate this equipment according to the conditions described in the Environmental Characteristics.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

TM4 Installation Expansion Modules

#### Installation Considerations

### **AWARNING**

#### UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Use appropriate safety interlocks where personnel and/or equipment hazards exist.
- Install and operate this equipment in an enclosure appropriately rated for its intended environment and secured by a keyed or tooled locking mechanism.
- Use the sensor and actuator power supplies only for supplying power to the sensors or actuators connected to the module.
- Power line and output circuits must be wired and fused in compliance with local and national regulatory requirements for the rated current and voltage of the particular equipment.
- Do not use this equipment in safety-critical machine functions unless the equipment is otherwise designated as functional safety equipment and conforming to applicable regulations and standards.
- Do not disassemble, repair, or modify this equipment.
- Do not connect any wiring to reserved, unused connections, or to connections designated as No Connection (N.C.).

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

**NOTE:** JDYX2 or JDYX8 fuse types are UL-recognized and CSA approved.

#### **Installation Guidelines**

#### Introduction

TM4 expansion modules are assembled by connecting them to a logic controller.

The logic controller and their expansion modules can be installed on a top hat section rail (DIN rail).

#### **Mounting Position and Minimum Clearances**

The mounting position and minimum clearances of the expansion modules must conform with the rules defined for the appropriate hardware system. Refer to the *Installation chapter* in the *Controller Hardware* documentation for your specific controller.

### **AWARNING**

#### UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Place devices dissipating the most heat at the top of the cabinet and ensure adequate ventilation.
- Avoid placing this equipment next to or above devices that might cause overheating.
- Install the equipment in a location providing the minimum clearances from all adjacent structures and equipment as directed in this document.
- Install all equipment in accordance with the specifications in the related documentation.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Expansion Modules TM4 Installation

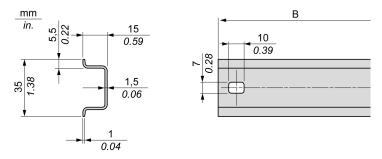
#### **Top Hat Section Rail (DIN rail)**

#### **Dimensions of Top Hat Section Rail DIN Rail**

You can mount the controller or receiver and their expansions on a 35 mm (1.38 in.) top hat section rail (DIN rail). The DIN rail can be attached to a smooth mounting surface or suspended from a EIA rack or mounted in a NEMA cabinet.

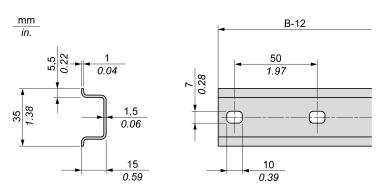
### **Symmetric Top Hat Section Rails (DIN Rail)**

The following illustration and table indicate the references of the top hat section rails (DIN rail) for the wall-mounting range:



| Reference  | Туре | Rail Length (B)    |
|------------|------|--------------------|
| NSYSDR50A  | Α    | 450 mm (17.71 in.) |
| NSYSDR60A  | Α    | 550 mm (21.65 in.) |
| NSYSDR80A  | Α    | 750 mm (29.52 in.) |
| NSYSDR100A | Α    | 950 mm (37.40 in.) |

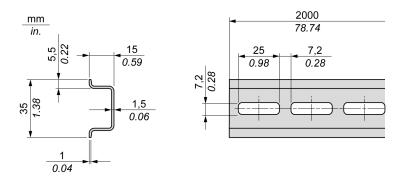
The following illustration and table indicate the references of the symmetric top hat section rails (DIN rail) for the metal enclosure range:



| Reference | Туре | Rail Length (B-12 mm) |
|-----------|------|-----------------------|
| NSYSDR60  | Α    | 588 mm (23.15 in.)    |
| NSYSDR80  | Α    | 788 mm (31.02 in.)    |
| NSYSDR100 | Α    | 988 mm (38.89 in.)    |
| NSYSDR120 | Α    | 1188 mm (46.77 in.)   |

TM4 Installation Expansion Modules

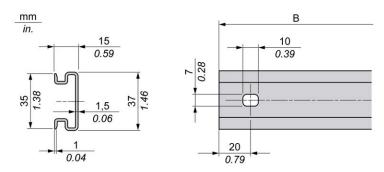
The following illustration and table indicate the references of the symmetric top hat section rails (DIN rail) of 2000 mm (78.74 in.):



| Reference                       | Туре | Rail Length         |
|---------------------------------|------|---------------------|
| NSYSDR2001                      | A    | 2000 mm (78.74 in.) |
| NSYSDR200D <sup>2</sup>         | A    |                     |
| 1 Unperforated galvanized steel |      |                     |
| 2 Perforated galvanized steel   |      |                     |

#### **Double-Profile Top Hat Section Rails (DIN rail)**

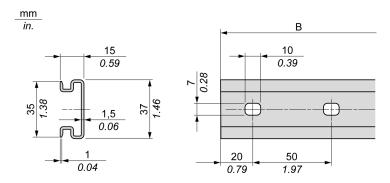
The following illustration and table indicate the references of the double-profile top hat section rails (DIN rails) for the wall-mounting range:



| Reference | Туре | Rail Length (B)    |
|-----------|------|--------------------|
| NSYDPR25  | W    | 250 mm (9.84 in.)  |
| NSYDPR35  | W    | 350 mm (13.77 in.) |
| NSYDPR45  | W    | 450 mm (17.71 in.) |
| NSYDPR55  | W    | 550 mm (21.65 in.) |
| NSYDPR65  | W    | 650 mm (25.60 in.) |
| NSYDPR75  | W    | 750 mm (29.52 in.) |

Expansion Modules TM4 Installation

The following illustration and table indicate the references of the double-profile top hat section rails (DIN rail) for the floor-standing range:



| Reference | Туре | Rail Length (B)     |
|-----------|------|---------------------|
| NSYDPR60  | F    | 588 mm (23.15 in.)  |
| NSYDPR80  | F    | 788 mm (31.02 in.)  |
| NSYDPR100 | F    | 988 mm (38.89 in.)  |
| NSYDPR120 | F    | 1188 mm (46.77 in.) |

#### Assembling a Module to a Controller

#### Introduction

This section describes how to assemble an expansion module to a controller or other modules.

## **AADANGER**

#### HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

- Disconnect all power from all equipment including connected devices prior to removing any covers or doors, or installing or removing any accessories, hardware, cables, or wires except under the specific conditions specified in the appropriate hardware guide for this equipment.
- Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm the power is off where and when indicated.
- Replace and secure all covers, accessories, hardware, cables, and wires and confirm that a proper ground connection exists before applying power to the unit.
- Use only the specified voltage when operating this equipment and any associated products.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

After connecting new modules to the controller, update and redownload your application program before placing the system back in service. If you do not revise your application program to reflect the addition of new modules, I/O located on the expansion bus may no longer operate normally.

## **AWARNING**

#### **UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION**

- Only use software approved by Schneider Electric for use with this equipment.
- Update your application program every time you change the physical hardware configuration.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

TM4 Installation Expansion Modules

#### Assembling a Module to a Controller

The following procedure shows how to assemble a controller and a module together.

| Ste- | Action   |
|------|--|
| 1    | Remove all power and dismount any existing controller I/O assembly from its DIN mounting.  |
| 2    | Remove the expansion connector sticker from the controller or the outermost installed expansion module.  |
| 3    | Verify that the locking device on the new module is in the upper position.   |
| 4    | Align the internal bus connector on the right side of the module with the internal bus connector on the left side of the controller or expansion module. |
| 5    | Press the new module towards the controller or expansion module until it is securely in place.   |
| 6    | Push down the locking device on the top of the new module to lock it to the controller or previously installed expansion module.                         |

### Disassembling a Module from a Controller

#### Introduction

This section describes how to disassemble a module from a controller.

### **AADANGER**

#### HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

- Disconnect all power from all equipment including connected devices prior to removing any covers or doors, or installing or removing any accessories, hardware, cables, or wires except under the specific conditions specified in the appropriate hardware guide for this equipment.
- Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm the power is off where and when indicated.
- Replace and secure all covers, accessories, hardware, cables, and wires and confirm that a proper ground connection exists before applying power to the unit.
- Use only the specified voltage when operating this equipment and any associated products.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

#### Disassembling a Module from a Controller

The following procedure describes how to disassemble a module from a controller.

| Step | Action  |
|------|---|
| 1    | Remove all power from the control system.   |
| 2    | Dismount the assembled controller and modules from the mounting rail.   |
| 3    | Push up the locking device from the bottom of the module.   |
| 4    | Push simultaneously the 2 clips, at the top and the bottom of the module to disengage it from the controller. |
| 5    | Pull apart module from the controller.  |

Expansion Modules TM4 Installation

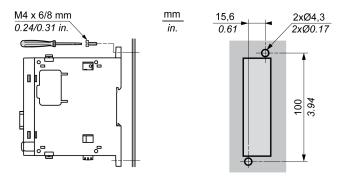
#### **Direct Mounting on a Panel Surface**

#### **Overview**

This section shows how to install the TM4 expansion module using the Panel Mounting Kit. This section also provides mounting hole layout for all modules.

#### **Mounting Hole Layout**

The following diagram shows the mounting holes for the TM4 expansion modules:



## **TM4 Electrical Requirements**

#### **Wiring Best Practices**

#### **Overview**

This section describes the wiring guidelines and associated best practices to be respected when using the TM4 system.

## **AADANGER**

#### HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

- Disconnect all power from all equipment including connected devices prior to removing any covers or doors, or installing or removing any accessories, hardware, cables, or wires except under the specific conditions specified in the appropriate hardware guide for this equipment.
- Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm the power is off where and when indicated.
- Replace and secure all covers, accessories, hardware, cables, and wires and confirm that a proper ground connection exists before applying power to the unit.
- Use only the specified voltage when operating this equipment and any associated products.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

TM4 Installation Expansion Modules

### **AWARNING**

#### LOSS OF CONTROL

- The designer of any control scheme must consider the potential failure modes of control paths and, for certain critical control functions, provide a means to achieve a safe state during and after a path failure. Examples of critical control functions are emergency stop and overtravel stop, power outage and restart.
- Separate or redundant control paths must be provided for critical control functions.
- System control paths may include communication links. Consideration must be given to the implications of unanticipated transmission delays or failures of the link.
- Observe all accident prevention regulations and local safety guidelines.<sup>1</sup>
- Each implementation of this equipment must be individually and thoroughly tested for proper operation before being placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

<sup>1</sup> For additional information, refer to NEMA ICS 1.1 (latest edition), "Safety Guidelines for the Application, Installation, and Maintenance of Solid State Control" and to NEMA ICS 7.1 (latest edition), "Safety Standards for Construction and Guide for Selection, Installation and Operation of Adjustable-Speed Drive Systems" or their equivalent governing your particular location.

#### Functional Ground (FE) on the DIN Rail

The DIN Rail for your TM4 system is common with the functional ground (FE) plane and must be mounted on a conductive backplane.

### **▲ WARNING**

#### UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Connect the DIN rail to the functional ground (FE) of your installation.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

#### Protective Ground (PE) on the Backplane

The protective ground (PE) is connected to the conductive backplane by a heavyduty wire, usually a braided copper cable with the maximum allowable cable section.

#### Wiring Guidelines

The following rules must be applied when wiring a TM4 system:

- I/O and communication wiring must be kept separate from the power wiring.
   Route these 2 types of wiring in separate cable ducting.
- Verify that the operating conditions and environment are within the specification values.
- Use proper wire sizes to meet voltage and current requirements.
- Use copper conductors.
- Use twisted-pair, shielded cables for analog, and/or fast I/O.
- Use twisted-pair, shielded cables for networks, and field bus.

Expansion Modules TM4 Installation

## **AWARNING**

#### **UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION**

- Use shielded cables for all fast I/O, analog I/O, and communication signals.
- Ground cable shields for all fast I/O, analog I/O, and communication signals at a single point<sup>1</sup>.
- Route communications and I/O cables separately from power cables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

<sup>1</sup>Multipoint grounding is permissible if connections are made to an equipotential ground plane dimensioned to help avoid cable shield damage in the event of power system short-circuit currents.

**NOTE:** Surface temperatures may exceed 60 °C (140 °F).

To conform to IEC 61010 standards, route primary wiring (wires connected to power mains) separately and apart from secondary wiring (extra low voltage wiring coming from intervening power sources). If that is not possible, double insulation is required such as conduit or cable gains.

## **TM4 Expansion Modules**

## **What's in This Part**

| TM4ES4 Ethernet Module            | 28 |
|-----------------------------------|----|
| TM4PDPS1 PROFIBUS DP Slave Module |    |

Expansion Modules TM4ES4 Ethernet Module

## **TM4ES4 Ethernet Module**

#### What's in This Chapter

| TM4ES4 Presentation    | 28 |
|------------------------|----|
| TM4ES4 Characteristics |    |
| TM4ES4 Wiring Diagram  |    |

#### **Overview**

This chapter describes the TM4ES4 Ethernet module, its characteristics, and its connection to the different devices.

### **TM4ES4 Presentation**

#### **Overview**

The TM4ES4 Ethernet module provides:

- · An Ethernet interface to controller without an embedded Ethernet port.
- A second Ethernet port to controller with an embedded Ethernet port.

The module is also an Ethernet switch.

#### **Main Characteristics**

This table describes the main characteristics of the TM4ES4 Ethernet communication module:

| Main Characteristics | Value   |
|----------------------|---|
| Standard             | Ethernet  |
| Connector type       | 4 RJ45 connectors for Ethernet communication  |
| Protocols            | Ethernet Modbus TCP Client/Server, Ethernet/IP Adapter, UDP, TCP, SNMP, OPC UA server and EcoStruxure Machine Expert. |
| Grounding            | 1 screw for functional ground connection  |
| Transfer rate        | 100 Mbit/s maximum  |

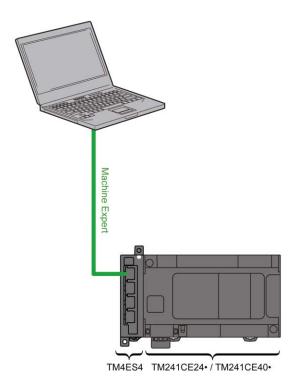
This table presents the TM4ES4 Ethernet features provided to controllers:

| Controller  | Additional Ethernet Interface  | Ethernet<br>Switch |
|-------------|--|--------------------|
| TM241C24•   | Yes, one Ethernet port to connect to either the control network                | Yes                |
| TM241C40•   | or the device network  |                    |
| TM241CE24•  | Yes, one Ethernet port to connect to the control network. The                  | Yes                |
| TM241CEC24• | Ethernet port embedded on the logic controller connects to the device network. |                    |
| TM241CE40•  |  |                    |
| TM251MESE   | No   | Yes                |
| TM251MESC   |  |                    |

#### **Architecture**

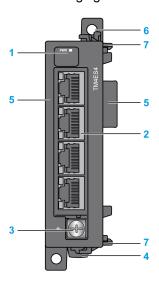
The following figure shows an architecture example to connect a controller to an Ethernet network:

TM4ES4 Ethernet Module Expansion Modules



## **Description**

The following figure shows the main elements of the TM4ES4 module:



| Label | Elements  | Refer to   |
|-------|---|--|
| 1     | LED that displays the power supply status                         | -  |
| 2     | 4 Ethernet RJ45 connectors  | _  |
| 3     | Screw for functional ground connection                            | Rules for the Connection to the Functional Ground, page 32 |
| 4     | Clip-on lock for 35 mm (1.38 in.) top hat section rail (DIN-rail) | Top Hat Section Rail (DIN rail), page 20                   |
| 5     | Connector for TM4 expansion modules (one on each side)            | _  |
| 6     | Locking device for attachment to the previous module              | -  |
| 7     | Clip for attachment to the previous module or the controller      | _  |

Expansion Modules TM4ES4 Ethernet Module

#### **Module Status LED**

The figure shows the TM4ES4 status LEDs:

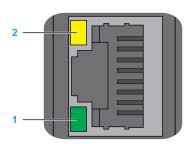


The table shows the description the TM4ES4 status LED:

| LED | Color | Status | Description                     |
|-----|-------|--------|---------------------------------|
| PWR | Green | On     | Indicates that power is applied |
|     |       | Off    | Indicates that power is removed |

#### **RJ45 Connector Status LEDs**

The figure shows the RJ45 connector status LEDs:



The table describes the RJ45 connector status LED:

| Label | Description       | LED    |              |                                |
|-------|-------------------|--------|--------------|--------------------------------|
|       |                   | Color  | Status       | Description                    |
| 1     | Ethernet activity | Green  | Off          | No activity                    |
|       |                   |        | On           | Transmitting or receiving data |
| 2     | Ethernet link     | Green/ | Off          | No link                        |
|       |                   | Yellow | Solid yellow | Link at 10 Mbit/s              |
|       |                   |        | Solid green  | Activity at 100 Mbit/s         |

## **TM4ES4 Characteristics**

#### Introduction

These are the general characteristics of the TM4ES4 module.

See also Environmental Characteristics, page 15.

TM4ES4 Ethernet Module Expansion Modules

## **AWARNING**

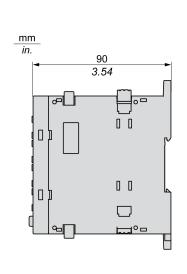
#### **UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION**

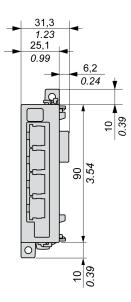
Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

#### **Dimensions**

The following diagrams show the dimensions of the TM4ES4 module:





#### **General Characteristics**

The table describes the general characteristics of the TM4ES4 module:

| Characteristic    | Value           |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| Consumption       | 360 mA          |
| Power dissipation | 2.5 W           |
| Weight            | 125 g (4.41 oz) |

#### **Characteristics**

The table describes the characteristics of the TM4ES4 module:

| Characteristic | Description   |
|----------------|---|
| Standard       | Ethernet  |
| Connector type | RJ45  |
| Baud rate      | Supports Ethernet "10BaseT" and "100BaseTX" with auto-negotiation |
| Auto-crossover | MDI / MDIX  |

**NOTE:** The controller supports the MDI/MDIX auto-crossover cable function. It is not necessary to use special Ethernet crossover cables to connect devices directly to this port (connections without an Ethernet hub or switch).

Expansion Modules TM4ES4 Ethernet Module

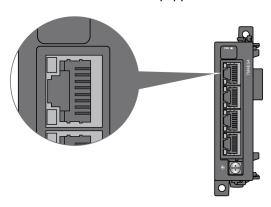
## **TM4ES4 Wiring Diagram**

#### **Wiring Rules**

See Wiring Best Practices, page 24.

#### **RJ45 Connector**

The TM4ES4 module is equipped with 4 Ethernet RJ45 connectors:



### **Pin Assignment**

The figure shows the Ethernet RJ45 connector pins:



The table describes the Ethernet RJ45 connector pins assignment:

| Pin N° | Signal |
|--------|--------|
| 1      | TD+    |
| 2      | TD-    |
| 3      | RD+    |
| 4      | _      |
| 5      | _      |
| 6      | RD-    |
| 7      | -      |
| 8      | -      |

#### **Rules for Connection to the Functional Ground**

The following table shows the characteristics of the screw to be used with the provided Functional Earth (FE) Cable:



|              | N•m   | 0,5 |
|--------------|-------|-----|
| Phillips Ph2 | lb-in | 4.4 |

TM4ES4 Ethernet Module Expansion Modules

Applying torque above the limit may damage the terminal screw or threads.

## **NOTICE**

#### **INOPERABLE EQUIPMENT**

Do not tighten screw terminals beyond the specified maximum torque (Nm  $\!\!\!/$  lb-in.).

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

## TM4PDPS1 PROFIBUS DP Slave Module

#### What's in This Chapter

| TM4PDPS1 Presentation    | 34 |
|--------------------------|----|
| TM4PDPS1 Characteristics | 36 |
| TM4PDPS1 Wiring Diagram  | 37 |

#### **Overview**

This chapter describes the TM4PDPS1 module, its characteristics, and its connection to the different devices.

### **TM4PDPS1 Presentation**

#### **Overview**

The TM4PDPS1 PROFIBUS DP slave module allows you to connect the controller to a PROFIBUS DP fieldbus.

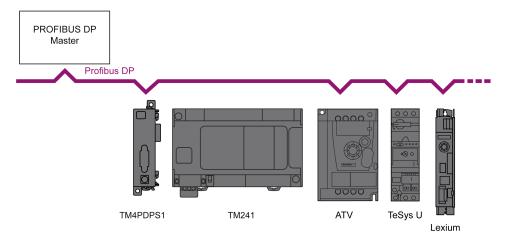
#### **Main Characteristics**

The table describes the main characteristics of the TM4PDPS1 PROFIBUS DP slave module:

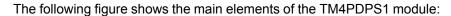
| Main Characteristics | Value                                    |  |
|----------------------|--|--|
| Fieldbus             | PROFIBUS DP slave                        |  |
| Interface type       | RS-485                                   |  |
| Connector type       | SUB-D 9, female                          |  |
| Grounding            | 1 screw for functional ground connection |  |
| Transfer rate        | 12 Mbit/s maximum                        |  |

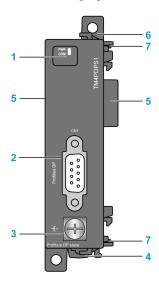
#### **Architecture Example**

The following figure shows an architecture example to connect an M241 controller to a PROFIBUS DP fieldbus:



## **Description**





| La-<br>bel | Elements  | Refer to   |
|------------|---|--|
| 1          | LEDs that display the module status                               | -  |
| 2          | 1 SUB-D 9, female connector                                       | -  |
| 3          | Screw for functional ground connection                            | Rules for Connection to the Functional Ground, page 38 |
| 4          | Clip-on lock for 35 mm (1.38 in.) top hat section rail (DIN-rail) | Top Hat Section Rail (DIN rail), page 20               |
| 5          | Connector for TM4 expansion modules (one on each side)            | _  |
| 6          | Locking device for attachment to the previous module              | _  |
| 7          | Clip for attachment to the previous module or the controller      | -  |

#### **Status LEDs**

The figure shows the TM4PDPS1 status LEDs:



The table describes the TM4PDPS1 status LEDs:

| LEDs | Color             | Status                        | Description   |
|------|-------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| PWR  | Green /<br>Yellow | Off                           | Indicates that power is removed   |
|      | Green             | On                            | Indicates that power is applied   |
|      | Green /<br>Yellow | Flashing<br>Green /<br>Yellow | Module start in progress  |
| СОМ  | Green             | On                            | The module is in RUN mode, performing cyclic communication                                      |
|      | Red               | Cyclic flashing               | The module is in STOP mode, no communication is performed, a connection error has been detected |
|      |                   | Acyclic flashing              | The module is not configured  |

## **TM4PDPS1 Characteristics**

#### Introduction

These are the general characteristics for the TM4PDPS1 module.

See also Environmental Characteristics, page 15.

## **AWARNING**

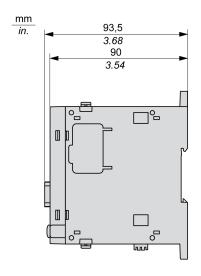
#### UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

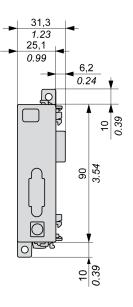
Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

#### **Dimensions**

The following diagrams show the dimensions of the TM4PDPS1 module:





#### **General Characteristics**

The table describes the general characteristics of the TM4PDPS1 module:

| Characteristic    | Value           |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| Consumption       | 290 mA          |
| Power dissipation | 1.5 W           |
| Weight            | 100 g (3.52 oz) |

#### **PROFIBUS DP Module Characteristics**

The table describes the PROFIBUS DP characteristics of the TM4PDPS1 module:

| Characteristic   | Value                            |   |  |
|--|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Type of interface                                      | Free of potential                |   |  |
| PROFIBUS standards                                     | DP-V0, DP-V1                     |   |  |
| PROFIBUS baudrate                                      | 312 Mbit/s at 100 m cable length |   |  |
|  | 1.5 Mbit/s                       | at 200 m cable length                     |  |
|  | 500 kBit/s                       | at 400 m cable length                     |  |
|  | 187.5 kBit/s                     | at 1000 m cable length                    |  |
|  | 9.693.75 kBit/s                  | at 1200 m cable length                    |  |
| Physical   | EIA-485                          |   |  |
| Isolation between PROFIBUS DP and internal electronics | 1.0 kV                           |   |  |
| Cable requirements                                     | Impedance                        | 135165 Ohm at 20 MHz                      |  |
|  | Capacitance                      | < 30 pF per meter                         |  |
|  | Lead cross section               | > 0.34 mm <sup>2</sup> , equates to AWG22 |  |
|  | Cable type                       | Paired 1 x 2 or 2 x 2 or 1 x 4            |  |
|  | Loop resistance                  | < 110 Ohm at 1 km                         |  |
|  | Signal loss                      | < 9 dB over the whole bus-segment         |  |
|  | Shielding                        | Copper shielding                          |  |

**NOTE:** Do not connect more than 32 stations per segment without a repeater or more than 127 with a repeater.

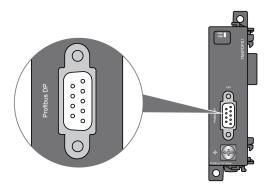
## **TM4PDPS1 Wiring Diagram**

## **Wiring Rules**

See Wiring Best Practices, page 24.

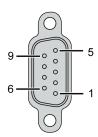
#### **SUB-D9 Connector**

The TM4PDPS1 module is equipped with 1 PROFIBUS DP SUB-D 9 connector:



### **Pin Assignment**

The figure shows the PROFIBUS DP SUB-D 9 connector pins:



The table describes the PROFIBUS DP SUB-D 9 connector pins assignment:

| Pin N° | PROFIBUS DP | Description                |
|--------|-------------|----------------------------|
| 1      | Reserved    | -                          |
| 2      | Reserved    | -                          |
| 3      | RxD/TxD-P   | Transmit/receive data High |
| 4      | CNTR-P      | Transmit enable High       |
| 5      | DGND        | Signal Ground              |
| 6      | VP          | Voltage 5 V (100 mA)       |
| 7      | Reserved    | -                          |
| 8      | RxD/TxD-N   | Transmit/receive data Low  |
| 9      | Reserved    | _                          |

#### **Rules for Connection to the Functional Ground**

The following table shows the characteristics of the screw to be used with the provided Functional Earth (FE) Cable:



|              | O a D | N•m   | 0,5 |
|--------------|-------|-------|-----|
| Phillips Ph2 |       | lb-in | 4.4 |

Applying torque above the limit may damage the terminal screw or threads.

## **NOTICE**

#### **INOPERABLE EQUIPMENT**

Do not tighten screw terminals beyond the specified maximum torque (Nm / lb-in.).

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

## **Glossary**

#### A

#### application:

A program including configuration data, symbols, and documentation.

#### C

#### configuration:

The arrangement and interconnection of hardware components within a system and the hardware and software parameters that determine the operating characteristics of the system.

#### controller:

Automates industrial processes (also known as programmable logic controller or programmable controller).

#### Е

#### **EIA rack:**

(electronic industries alliance rack) A standardized (EIA 310-D, IEC 60297, and DIN 41494 SC48D) system for mounting various electronic modules in a stack or rack that is 19 inches (482.6 mm) wide.

#### EN:

EN identifies one of many European standards maintained by CEN (*European Committee for Standardization*), CENELEC (*European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization*), or ETSI (*European Telecommunications Standards Institute*).

#### **Ethernet:**

A physical and data link layer technology for LANs, also known as IEEE 802.3.

#### expansion bus:

An electronic communication bus between expansion I/O modules and a controller or bus coupler.

#### expansion connector:

A connector to attach expansion I/O modules.

#### н

#### HE10:

Rectangular connector for electrical signals with frequencies below 3 MHz, complying with IEC 60807-2.

#### ı

#### IEC:

(international electrotechnical commission) A non-profit and non-governmental international standards organization that prepares and publishes international standards for electrical, electronic, and related technologies.

#### I/O:

(input/output)

#### IP 20:

(ingress protection) The protection classification according to IEC 60529 offered by an enclosure, shown by the letter IP and 2 digits. The first digit indicates 2 factors: helping protect persons and for equipment. The second digit indicates helping protect against water. IP 20 devices help protect against electric contact of objects larger than 12.5 mm, but not against water.

#### L

#### LED:

(light emitting diode) An indicator that illuminates under a low-level electrical charge.

#### N

#### NEMA:

(national electrical manufacturers association) The standard for the performance of various classes of electrical enclosures. The NEMA standards cover corrosion resistance, ability to help protect from rain, submersion, and so on. For IEC member countries, the IEC 60529 standard classifies the ingress protection rating for enclosures.

#### P

#### **Profibus DP:**

(*Profibus decentralized peripheral*) An open bus system uses an electrical network based on a shielded 2-wire line or an optical network based on a fiberoptic cable. DP transmission allows for high-speed, cyclic exchange of data between the controller CPU and the distributed I/O devices.

#### program:

The component of an application that consists of compiled source code capable of being installed in the memory of a logic controller.

#### R

#### **RJ45**:

A standard type of 8-pin connector for network cables defined for Ethernet.

#### RS-485:

A standard type of serial communication bus, based on 2 wires (also known as EIA RS-485).

#### run:

A command that causes the controller to scan the application program, read the physical inputs, and write to the physical outputs according to solution of the logic of the program.

#### S

#### STOP:

A command that causes the controller to stop running an application program.

#### Ť

#### terminal block:

(terminal block) The component that mounts in an electronic module and provides electrical connections between the controller and the field devices.

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As standards, specifications, and design change from time to time, please ask for confirmation of the information given in this publication.

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